PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.

Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways: Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.

"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,417—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 1905, Saturday, 2 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
25th Feb.	PERSIA	7951	BRITANNIA	6535
4th Mar.	MACEDONIA	10513	.....	.....
11th "	ARCADIA	9803	MONGOLIA	9505
18th "	ARABIA	7923	.....	.....
25th "	PENINSULAR	5294	OCEANA	5610
1st April	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
8th "	ARCADIA	9803	MARMORA	10509
15th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
22nd "	PENINSULAR	5894	CHINA	7912
29th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
6th May	ARCADIA	9803	MOLDAVIA	9500
13th "	MACEDONIA	10512	.....	.....
20th "	PENINSULAR	5894	VICTORIA	6529
27th "	ARABIA	7923	.....	.....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing.

All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 3rd February, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
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Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,639	Fiaschi	23rd Feb 1905.
YARRA	4,956	Sellier	23rd March 1905.
NERA	5,507	Chevallier	20th April 1905.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	3rd March 1905.
ARMANA BEHIE	6,635	Guionnet	31st March "

For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.

New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.

(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. 1905.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Canepa	15th Apr. 1905.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	G. Canepa	15th May 1905.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 350	Rs. 150
Return tickets available 1 years	" 900	" 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Mar. 1905.
ISCHIA	6,000	D. Maganzini	17th Apr. 1905.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th May 1905.

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent,

Esplanade Road, No. 27.

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Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KARACHI, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, KOWEIT, MAHOMMERAH AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on FRIDAY, 24th February, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, on arrival of English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVIE AND KARACHI.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,000 tons, on FRIDAY, 24th February, from the Victoria Dock, Wall No. 14 Shed, at 10 A.M.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST, AND KARACHI.

S. S. "DUMRA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 28th February, at 10 a.m., from the Victoria Dock, Wall No 14 Shed, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Karachi.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KERBELA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 28th February, from the Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 shed, at 9 a. m., calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrain, Bushire, Koweit, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR POREBUNDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY AND DURBAN.

S. S. "LAWADA," 3,000 tons, on or about 2nd March.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "WARDHA," 2,800 tons, on or about 3rd March.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

Bombay, 21st February, 1905.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

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SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX G.	Ghezzo	4,194	1st March 1905.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Apr. 1905.
IMPERATRIX G.	Ghezzo	4,194	1st May 1905.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June 1905.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
*† CHINA	S. Tomanovich	6,000	5th Mar. 1905
AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7,588	26th Mar. 1905
† PERSIA	P. Creglietto	5,895	5th Apr. 1905,
SILESIA	L. de Stabile	5,156	30th " "
*† MARQUIS			
BACQUEHEM	T. Rassovich	4,786	27th " "
*† TRIESTE	Capt. D. Mistrorigo	5,095	9th June 1905.

† Will call at Fiume. * Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5,095	28th Feb. 1905.

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CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Waers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 30) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 25 per mensem including Syce. Stable rents charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages by greased contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

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THESE are the FLATTEST WATCHES made. In quality and price, these Watches will compete with the best. All Watches bear our NAME as a GUARANTEE of EXCELLENCE.

Very compact and comfortable in WEAR and DOES not distend the pocket.

VERY FINE LEVER MOVEMENT,
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TIMED AND GUARANTEED.
OF CAREFUL FINISH AND
PERFECT TIME KEEPERS.

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18 Carat Gold Crystal Face Case	225
Silver do. do.	40
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EQUALS!

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MADRAS.

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GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE.

PURE and GENUINE, LUCCA OIL of the OLIVES for TABLE and CULINARY Purpose.

PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

MILAN SAUSAGES in SKN (Italian). ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose). BLACK and GREEN OLIVES (loose). All kinds of French, Italian and German Stores.

Largest Importers of MACARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES ASSORTED CONSIGNMENTS arriving here every Month. Fancy Shaped MACARONI prepared with EGGS, a speciality and novelty.

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WALNUTS, ALMONDS and HAZELNUTS, NAPLES FIGS, MUSCATEL RAISINS and CHESTNUTS, LENTILLES, BEANS White and Red.

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1. PREPARED MEAL No. 1 for DOGS. 2 PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES
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5. "NUTRIENT" (a rich Fluid Food given with the ordinary Food for HORSE and CATTLE).

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal No. 1 for Dogs, a staple diet for great value and equally suitable for all classes.

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb bag.

2. PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES.—This will be found "par excellence" the Food for them. Being soft and nutritious, Puppies thrive and fatten upon it and there is no fear of worms developing in the bowels (which Puppies are so liable to when fed on other materials) whilst they are on this food

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Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

4. PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.—Will double the profit of laying Birds and quickly increase the weight of Birds for the table, and is protective against disease.

Re. 1-0 per 20-lb. bag.

5. "NUTRIENT."—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction and unequalled value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.

Rs. 3-0 per tin, with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.,
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ST. MARTIN'S PULMONARY BALSAM. The unfailing REMEDY for COUGH, COLD and ASTHMA, Possesses Demulcent and Balsamic properties, As. 12 & Re. 1-4.
E. S. MADON & Co. 190, Shaik Memon St., Bombay.

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ICE PUDDING

SERVED DAILY

FROM 5 P. M.

AT

MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

TELEPHONE NO. 325.

COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.

A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BED-ROOM has a BATH-ROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
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CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
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TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.

RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINNING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.

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GLASS WORKS,
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MANUFACTURERS OF

GLASS BANGLES, TUMBLERS, PRISMS, SALT-STANDS, KNIFE-RESTS, IMITATIONS OF CORAL BEADS AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

Well introduced and well situated AGENTS WANTED all over India.

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

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ON THE DEPARTURE OF ENGLISH MAIL

28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

FITZGERALD BROS.' CIRCUS

AND MENAGERIE OF

HIGHLY EDUCATED ANIMALS.

THE GREATEST CIRCUS ORGANIZATION EVER HAVING VISITED THE EAST.

LOCATION: CRUICKSHANK ROAD.

CONTINUED PHENOMENAL SUCCESS

TWO PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.

THIS AFTERNOON, AT 4. THIS EVENING, AT 9-15

TO-DAY DOORS OPEN 3-15, PERFORMANCE AT 4.

MATINEE, CHILDREN HALF PRICE, Gallery Excepted.

MATINEE.

THE SAME SUCCESSFUL PROGRAMME AS IN THE EVENING.

TWO PERFORMANCES TO-DAY, TO-DAY, AT 4. TO-NIGHT, AT 9-15.

AUSTRALIA'S GRANDEST AND BEST AMUSEMENT ENTERPRISE.

The splendid Orchestra conducted by the renowned Cornet Soloist HERR VON DER MEHNDEN.

PRICES.	Rs. as.
Boxes, 6 seats	24 0
Single seats in Boxes and front Circle...	4 0
Chairs on raised platform	3 0
2nd Chairs	2 0
Stalls	1 0
Gallery, natives only	0 8

Box Office at:—SOUNDY & Co.

Where Plan is now on view.

HAL GEORGE, Representative.

THE BOMBAY HIGH SCHOOLS' ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION'S SPORTS, will be held on the MARINE ESPLANADE, on the EVENINGS of 3rd and 4th March.

The JUMPING COMPETITION will be held on the 28th February, March 1st and 2nd, at the Elphinstone High School each EVENING at 4-30 P. M.

T. A. SAVAGE,
Honorary Secretary.

---

100 GOLD WATCHES FREE.

MARVELLOUS OFFER:—If you want one, write to us without delay. With your letter send us Rs. 2-8 P. O. for which we will forward you a nice case containing Nonpariel "Dentole" together with our offer. After you receive the beautiful watch, we shall expect you to show it to your friends and call their attention to this advertisement. The watch is sent free by registered post on your complying with our advertisement and with the Marvellous offer which we will send. The watch is warranted for 5 years. Orders not executed by V.P.P. Packing and postage extra.

MAPIT BROS.
New Road, Lahore.

1ST. BATTN. B. B. & C.I. R. VOL. RIFLES.

THE ANNUAL SERGEANT'S BALL has been FIXED to take place in the TOWN HALL, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 24th February 1905.

TICKETS (Rs. 10 each) to admit one Gentleman and two Ladies may be had from

MR. J. CAMERON, B. B. & C. I. R., Parel.
" H. B. MAYES, Ditto Parel.
" W. RAMSAY, Ditto Bandora,
And Messrs. SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., Fort.

E. W. STANLEY,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

THE STAR OF INDIA MILLS LIMITED.

RE-DEBENTURE DEED, DATED 5TH DECEMBER, 1895.

THE SALE of the MILL PREMISES pursuant to the above-named Debenture Deed and to the powers vested in the Trustees by such Debenture Deed will take place on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of March, 1905, at 3 P. M., by Messrs. Menesse and Co., Auctioneers, at their Rooms, 35 Hummum Street, within the Fort in the City of Bombay. Printed particulars and conditions of Sale are ready and they may be had on application at the office of the Undersigned. Dated this 6th day of February 1905.

NANU, HORMUSJEE & Co.,
Solicitors to the Trustees.

ARMY CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY during the official year 1905-06 of Cloths, Patties, White and Khaki drill, braid, Leather Articles, Gold laces, Embroidery badges, and miscellaneous Articles. Tenders will be opened at 12 NOON, on 22nd March, 1905. Forms of Tender and Schedules will be available on application at the office of the Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Alipore on and after the 1st March, 1905, at Re. 1 per set.

H. R. MARRETT, Lt.-Colonel.
Director of Army Clothing.

Alipore, 13th February, 1905.

THE COLLEGE,
CAVERSHAM HEIGHTS, OXON.
Principal,
The Rev. W. DUNCAN STANDFAST,
Head Master,

F. R. STANDFAST, M. A., Hons. London Univers:, Barrister-at-Law, and a well qualified Staff of Assistant Masters. The Principal has been particularly successful in passing gentlemen for the Army, Navy, Indian Civil Services, Law and other Public Examinations.

The preparatory department is in charge of the Daughter of an Army Officer.

A thoroughly sound Education is assured, and every comfort in the well appointed home of the Principal.

Very healthy situation within one hour of London. Prospectus on application to THE PRINCIPAL.

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BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON.

Current and Deposit Accounts opened.
Pay and Pensions collected.
Drafts and Cable Transfers issued.
Shares bought and sold; Dividends realised.
Insurances effected; Premiums paid.
Agency Business undertaken.
Rules of Business on application.

VICTORIA AERATED WATERS.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

PROPRIETOR: J. CONNELL.

OUR carts deliver regularly to any part of Bombay and Bandra.

Try our SODA, it is the best.

The SODA WATER is made by the original method which is still in vogue. With the large MINERAL WATER Manufacturers in England, you cannot get as Pure and Exhilarating a Gas by the new methods.

H. M. S "ECLIPSE"
BOMBAY, 30th March, 1899.

MR. JAMES CONNELL of the Victoria Hotel, Prince's Dock, has SUPPLIED AERATED WATERS of all sorts to this ship during our stay at Bombay. I had previously been informed privately that Mr. Connell's Factory was the BEST in the City, but before recommending the use of his Aerated Waters on Board, I went over his Establishment, and was so satisfied with everything, that I can with confidence advise Medical Officers of H M. Ships to deal with him.

CHARLES JAMES, Fleet Surgeon.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

2ND BATTALION A. P. W. O. YORKSHIRE REGT.

A GRAND.

BOXING TOURNAMENT

WILL BE HELD ON THE

25TH, 27TH AND 28TH FEBRUARY,

ON THE MARINE LINES MAIDAN,

Commencing at 9-30 P.M.

ADMISSION—4 Rs., 3 Rs. and 2 Rs.

Front Seats, 5 Rs., on TUESDAY, 28th.

Soldiers & Sailors in Uniform half-price to 3rd Seats

Passes for 3 Nights (not transferable).

Front Seats .....Rs. 10 0
Second " ..... " 7 8

Plan and Tickets 1st and 2nd Seats at Messrs. SEYMOUR DOVE & Co.,

Programme will be published later.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 305 of 1897.

CHATOORBHUJDAS GOVERDHANDAS, of Deccan Hyderabad, Hindoo inhabitant, now temporarily residing in Bombay.....Plaintiff,

versus

1. VITHALDAS RAMDAS, 2. TRICUMDAS RAMDAS, 3. PURSHOTAMDAS HURKISSONDAS all of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, residing at Bhuleshwar outside the Fort of Bombay, 4. MANCHERSHAW BOMANJEE CHOTHIA of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Grant Road without the Fort of Bombay, all carrying on business in the name and style of MANCHERSHAW BOMANJEE CHOTHIA and COMPANY and 5. VAZEERA BEGUM, the daughter and Administratrix of the estate of VAZEERALI KHAN and wife of Syed JAFFERALI KHAN, MAHOMEDAN Inhabitant of Hyderabad Deccan, in the Territories of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad.....Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit, on the 7th day of April 1902, it was ordered interalia that the Plaintiff should pay to the 5th Defendant his costs taxed at Rs. 4,778-8-0.

And whereas by a warrant of attachment of moveable property dated the 24th day of March, 1904, the following movable property was attached, viz:—The right, title and interest of the said Chatoorbhuj Goverdhandas, in the subject matter of the Suit filed by him in this Honourable Court being Suit No. 308 of 1902, in which Chatoorbhuj Goverdhandas is the Plaintiff and Manchershaw Bomanjee Chothia and Vithaldas Ramdas the Surviving Partners of the firm of Manchershaw Bomanjee, Chothia and Co., are Defendants.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on FRIDAY, the 10th day of March, 1905, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock P.M., under and by virtue of a warrant FOR SALE dated the 7th day of January 1905, the Sheriff of Bombay will put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, in his Office, High Court, the right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff Chatoorbhuj Goverdhandas, in the moveable property aforesaid for the satisfaction of the balance of the said decree, costs of previous execution and of the said Warrant of sale.

The abovenamed 5th Defendant has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

The price of the said property to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information application should be made at the Office of the Sheriff,—Dated this 21st day of February, 1905.

SASSOON J. DAVID,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. PAYNE and Co.
Attorneys for 5th Defendant.

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"INDIAN CRICKET"
A WEEKLY RECORD
OF THE GAME

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It will be conducted by a Gentleman of wide experience who has contributed articles on the subject to most of the leading daily newspapers of this country.

No pains will be spared to make it interesting and popular.

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Under instructions from the Trustees for the Debenture-holders of the Star of India Mills, Limited, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st March, 1905, at 3 p.m., in one lot,

All the freehold and leasehold lands, together with the buildings standing thereon and all the machinery; such as boilers engines, spindles, machinery tools, &c., &c., and other appliances.

For full particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the office of Messrs. Nanu, Hormusjee & Co., attorneys for the Debenture-holders, Meadows Street, Fort.

MENESSE & Co.,

Bombay, 22nd February, 1905.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Oriental Bank Building (2nd floor), in Meadow Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., the valuable and handsome Frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, by Dalji Ganji and others, also carved-blackwood furniture, English brass bedstead, antique swords, guns and shields, door curtains with brass rods and brackets, table ornaments and flower vases. Leopard skins with heads, one tapestry picture in gilt frame, table and hanging lamps, pictures, books, plated-ware, crockery and glassware, Carpets &c., the property of the late Mr. S. GALLEGRA.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN DHUNJEE DOONGERIA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

By order of Mr. Cawasjee Nowrojee Bottlewalla the surviving executor of the last will of the late Nowrojee Rustomjee Bottlewalla, deceased, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 25th day of February, 1905, at 4-30 p.m.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All those two pieces or parcels of fasendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenements, dwelling houses and premises built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the east side of Dhunjee Doongeria Street, (now called Dhunjee Street) without the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay formerly under Nos. 35 and 35A, and now under Nos. 61, Ward No. 691, and Street No. 111 and bounded on the east by the public cooper's passage, on the west by the said Dhunjee Street, on the north by the property of Rustomjee Merwanjee, and on the south by the property of Rustomjee Nusserwanjee Bottlewalla, and which said hereditaments and premises were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of the said Nowrojee Rustomjee Bottlewalla and are now in that of the vendor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shavrao and Minocher Attorneys for the said Cawasjee Nowrojee Bottlewalla, at their Office No 21, Forbes Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

On SUNDAY, the 26th at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bandora Hill opposite the Church, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, glassware and crockery, brass bedsteads, almirah, table and hanging kerosine lamps, pictures table ornaments etc., the property of SHAPURJI DINSHA DALAL, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On TUESDAY, the 28th Instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Jenkin House," Mowatter Road, Apollo Bunder the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, such as sliding dining table and chairs, mirror sideboard, tea teapoy, mirror screen drawing room sofas and chairs lined plush, cabinets, and chiffoniers with mirror Jardiniers, hair and bedsteads, single and double almirahs, marble topped dressing and washhand tables, Brussels carpets, Mahogany square piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne, glassware, crockery, plateware, table ornaments etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN AND COTTON WASTES.

Under instructions from the New Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Company's Mill Premises at Chinchpoogly, near Victoria Gardens, on TUESDAY next, the 28th instant, at 2 p.m., on account and at the risk of Messrs. Cowasjee Nanabhoy Gooli and Bros. & Co., also carrying on business in the name of Jugabhai Vishram & Co. certain yarn and cotton wastes produced at the Company's Mill during January last such as dirty ends and bands, roprollers and dirty strips, dirty clean reeling and winding hard wastes, middle caps, small mixed ends, oily and clean rags, &c.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will have to be paid on the spot and the wastes to be cleared away within two days after sale on payment of the balance.

AUCTION SALE of the MACHINERY, &c., of the Empire Steam Laundry Bleaching and Dyeing Co. Ld. (in Liquidation), at Arthur Road, near Jacob's Circle, next to Hindustan Mill.

Under instructions from the Official Liquidator, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 3rd Proximo, at 2 p.m., the whole of the machinery, tools, and implements, and office furniture of the above Company, consisting of 10 H. P. engine, boiler, washers, rollers, mangers, dampers, drying room, wash-room indicators, iron and wooden tanks, polishing irons, 2 laundry waggons, tables, chairs, writing tables, cupboards, stationary, copying press, &c.

The above will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 22nd February 1905.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 34, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs BENNETT and Co. will on FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the building materials of the Bungalow known as "Cooperage," on the Wodehouse Road, near the Bandstand.

AUCTION SALE OF CAST HORSES.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms.

8 cast horses, belonging to the 29th Lancers, Sirur, amongst them are smart looking hacks, hunters, chargers, trappers and pigstickers.

ON SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

The property of Mr. T. H. Fry, consisting of glass and crockeryware, plated spoons and forks, dining table and chairs, dressing and washhand tables, teapoy chest of drawers table linen wearing apperals, cooking pots stone ware tent etc.

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Bombay, 22nd February, 1905.

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EVEN in confirmed cases.

Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY

BEYNON & CO.,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,
55, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

FROM TO-DAY

RUDGE WHITWORTH BICYCLES

WILL BE SOLD AT

Rs. 165

FOR CASH ONLY.

J. A. KIRKBRIDE & CO.

60, TAMARIND LANE.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

SECURITIES—

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	£90 3-4	= + 7-16
2½ do. Rentes	£100	= unchanged
3½ 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	£108 1-2	= + 1-4
3 1-2 per cents. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£66 1-16	= unchanged

SILVER—

Spot in London	28 1-16	= do
3 months hence	27 11-16	= do
Spot in New York	61	= - 1-8

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25·20	= unchanged
Berlin "	20·49	= + 1-2
New York Demand	4·81 1-2	= unchanged

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	3 per cent	= do
3 months' sight Bank Bills	2 1-2 per cent	= do
" " Fine Trade Bills	2 1-4 per cent	= do
6 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	2 3-4 per cent	= do
	3 per cent	= do

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	2 1-2 per cent	= - 1-8
7 day market loans	2 3-4 per cent	= unchanged

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 17 1-16 J.-F., buyers quiet.

RAPESEED—Firm.

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 35 1-2 F.-M, sellers steady

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 8 1-4

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Tiger, Mary Ada Short

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed quiet, East Indian quiet, Manchester firm. Total sales 12,000. Spot 4·27 — 2. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 7. Sold on speculation and for Export, 1000. Imports 6,000. Futures closed quiet.

Feb.-Mch.	Mch.-Apl.	Apl.-May
4·10	4·12	4·14
—2	—2	—2
May-June	**June-July**	**July-Aug.**
4·14	4·16	4·16
—2	—1	—1
Aug.-Sept.	**Sept.-Oct.**	**Oct.-Nov**
4·17	4·18	4·18
—1		

Receipts at U S Ports	15,000
Do. last year	10,000
Exports to Great Britain	nil
Do. do Continent	2,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	7·90 — 25
Futures, month of March	7·53 — 31*
Do. do. July	7·21 — 29

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	7 3-4
Futures, month of May	7·43 — 21
Do. do. Aug.	7·48 — 21
Tone at close	steady.

* Declined owing to weather more favorable for the movement.

Liverpool quotations for East Indian cotton are all increased 1-16

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 48 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Monday, 20th February, 1905:—

Cotton	22,933 bales.
Wheat	16,914 qrs.
Linseed	16,337 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	5,578 "
Gingelly seed	11,110 "
Poppyseed	515 "
Groundnuts	2,613 "
Castorseed	1,191 "
Hides	60,455 "
Myrabollams	937 "
Cottonseed	10,016 "
Mowrseed	239 "
Gram	1,923 "
Jowari	7,353 "
Maize	56 "

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold coin	Rs. 28,56,000
Ex s s "Imperatrix" from Egypt	
Gold Coin	Rs. 22,50,000
Ex s s "Schoenfels" from Egypt	

BOMBAY, FEB. 21.

Exchange—Tone weaker.

Bank T. T.	1s. 4 1-32d
Bank Demand	1s. 4 1-16d
Credits Bills 3 Months' Sight D. A.	1s. 4 7-32d
Do 6 do do	1s. 4 5-16d to 1, 4 11-32d
French Francs 3 do do	170 3-4 to 1-2
Marks 3 do do	138 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	137
Shanghai 30 do do	193
Japan 30 do do	148 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone steady

Cash	98·11
1st Settlement 1st March	98·11

Money Market. Tone—steady.

BANK RATE,—

Bank of England since 21st April	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay dc 16th February	7	do
Bank of Bengal do 10th November	6	do
Bank of Madras do 24th January	6	do

SEEDS—

Linseed.—Tone steady. Rs. a. p.

Ready		6	1 0	to 6	2
Forward	April-May	6	8 6	to 6	9 6

Rapeseed.—Tone firm.

Brown Cawnpore, Ready.		5	15 0	to 6	0 0
Do Forward	April-May	6	5 0	to 6	0 0
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready		6	4 0	to 6	5 0
Do Forward	April-May	6	8 0	to 6	9 0

Poppyseed.—Tone firm.

Ready		6	14 0	to 6	15 0
Forward	April-May	7	2 0		

Castorseed—Tone steady.

Ready		28	4 0	to 28	5 0
Forward	April-May	30	4 0		

GINGELLYSEED.—Tone firm.

25 per cent Mixed		43-8 to 44
50 per cent.		41-0 to 41-8
Black Kutnee		34-0 to 34-8

WHEAT.—Tonesteady.

White Delhi Wheat	Feb.	4	10	0
Do do	April-May	4	10	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone.—easier.

Estimated sales ..... bales 10,000
Imports ..... do. 25,000

Feb.-Mar	Mar.-April	April-May
4·04	4·06	4·08
—6	—6	—6
May-June	**June-July**	**July-Aug.**
4·08	4·10	4·10
—6	—6	—6
Aug.-Sept.	**Sep.-Oct.**	**Oct.-Nov.**
4·11	4·12	4·12
—6	—6	—6

COTTON.—The market is quieter to-day following home advices. Broach sutta quotations have declined some Rs. 5 to 6 and other descriptions are Rs. 2 to 3 lower. The enquiry from buyers is on much smaller lines than it was yesterday.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited:—

				Ready
Bengal (H.-G.) (Ry. terms)	173	162	...	25 Feb
Bengals (M.G.) (Ry. terms)	177	167	...	do
Sind-Punjab M. G.	177	167	...	do
Oomrawatee (desopta) (M.-G.)	184	178	...	do
Khandeish do.	174	168		do
Jalgaon do	176	170		do
Khanganm fair staple (M.-G)	184	178		do
Karanja do, do, do,				
Akola do, do, do,				
Oomra, good staple (M.G.)	191	185	...	do
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G)	187	181	...	do
Nagpore and Kampti do	190	184	...	do
Broach (M.-G.)	299	204		do
Do. do	207	15-25		March
Dharwar (S.-G)	196	25		May
Westerns	186			do

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	quiet
Surats	quiet
Good Bhowniggur	3 3-32
The Manchester Market has been	firm
2 1-2 per cent Consols	90 3-4
3 per cent Rentes	100
3 1-2 per cent Sterling Loan	108 1-2
3 1-2 per cent Rupee Papers	66 1-16
Bar Silver	28 1-16

BOMBAY RACES.

FOURTH DAY WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 22.

HANDICAP.

The Flying Plate—5 furlong—Dulsimer 9 12, Amplify 9 4, Kingston 8 7, Royalist 3 6, Adelaide 8 1, Haspist 8 0, Thomont 7 12, Epitome 7 11, Sweet Soudd 7 6, Court Belle 7 4, Olga Patricia 7 0, Nevermere 6 10, carreswick 6 3, Sundowner 6 0. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 4lbs.

The Lawn Plate—5 furlongs—Vesta 9 12, Pat O 9 7, Key West 9 2, Pet Girl 8 5, Black thorn 8 4, Okra 8 0, Omelette 7 13, La France 7 12, Zoe 7 5, Haydn 7 3, Hooded Monk 6 4.

The Asian Plate—6 furlongs—Oriental 9 12, Bree 9 5, Ivor 9 2, Mooreed 8 12, Mint 8 11, Plarnugas 8 10, Little Joker 8 6, Young Gazelle 8 6, Farewell 8 4, Sirjamal 8 2, Yeroo 7 11, Governor 7 11, Bumblepuppy 7 9, Grey Fox 7 8, Illerjung 7 5, Zurriff 7 2, Swaz 7 0, Panala II 7 3, Greyley 6 13, Huddal 6 12, Winchester 6 11, Umber 6 10, Tawakel 6 9, Malnbar 6 5, Erhan 6 2. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 4lbs.

The Mahaluxhmi Plate—1 Mile—Rapid Pilgrim 9 10, Applause 9 4, Loyal 9 2, Nal Goald 9 0, Samb, Malquire 8 12, Galley Slave 8 9, Riverside 11 8 9, Admiral Crichton 8 8, Clover 8 7, Testwood 8 6, Jim Gosper 8 0, Dumtell 7 12, Sweet Sound 7 9, Balaycuse 7 7, Russley Rose 7 6, Misty 7 5, Rossi 7 4, Stoddart 6 10. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 3lbs.

The Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Purse—9 furlongs—Sandow 9 5, Marquise 9 5, Narunjee 9 1, Money Spinner 8 12, Adonis 8 9, Sky lark 8 5, St. Gatien 8 4, Precious 8 3, Shaiboob 8 2, Faithful 7 13, Berlin 7 8, Bandit II 7 6, Selpine 7 6, Red 7 0, Tewakel 6 7,

HORSES STRUCK OUT.

The Mahaluxhmi Plate—Rapid Pilgrim Applause, Admiral Crichton, Jim Gosper, Balayense and Misty. Top weight not having accepted weights are raised 3 lbs for horses lost in.

The Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Purse—Bandit II.

The Lawn Plate—La France.

The Asian Plate—Mooreed, Little Joker, Young Gazette, Sirjamal, Governor, Grey Fox and Swaz.

TIME AND ORDER OF RUNNING.

1st Race—The Lawn Plate—3-30 p.m.
2nd Race—The Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Purse—3-50 p.m.
3rd Race—The Flying Plate—4-20 p.m.
4th Race—The Second Dealers—4-50 p.m.
5th Race—The Mahaluxhmi Plate—5-20 p.m.
6th Race—The Asian Plate—5-50 p.m.

By kind permission of Lt-Col Quenten and the Officers of the 104th Rifles, their Band will play during the afternoon.

A SPECIAL TRAIN LEAVES.

Colaba	2-35 p.m.
Church Gate	2-40 p.m.
Grant Road	2-46 p.m.
Arrives at Mahaluxhmi	3-50 p.m.

(Local Time.)

THE experiment has recently been tried of sending coolies to Fiji from Madras instead of from Calcutta. But the results do not appear to have been very satisfactory. The annual official Report on Indian Immigration to Fiji for 1903, states that during the first eight months the percentage of sickness amongst Madras immigrants was much highet than usual among new arrivals and their wage earning power about one-fourth less than the average of other immigrants on the same estates.

IF private business were conducted with as scant regard to accuracy as sometimes distinguishes Government work, says the "St. James's Gazette" of the 27th ultimo, there would pretty often be situations vacant. Fifty sheets have been issued this week, to correct the errors occurring in a recently published Government return. This sort of thing is not uncommon. It was understood during the South African War that a quarter of a million Medals had to be thrown into the melting-pot because of something wrong in the design; and something of the same sort happened in regard to stamps.

To Cure Horse Ailments

Eminent Veterinary Surgeons strongly recommend **Condy's Fluid** as a Speedy and absolutely Certain Cure for Sore Backs, Sore Shoulders, Broken Knees, Grease, Thrush, Mud Rash and Cracked Heels in Horses (see Veterinary Book on bottle).

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices) (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional lines CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

LINDESAY—February 14, at Commilla, East Bengal, the wife of Capt V E H Lindesay, I M S, IV Goorkhas, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

RAWLINS—DALGLEISH—February 8, at Dulzing Serai, Tirhoot, by the Rev R Yuke, Francis Hereham, eldest son of W F Rawlins, Esq, of Limington, somerset, to Violet Stella (Queenie) second daughter of Ed Dalgleish, Esq, of Hatauri Tirhoot.

DEATHS.

ALLEN—February 17, at Karachi, Florence Marian, wife of C H Allen, Kinkora Lodge, West Dulwich, age 25.

MOORE—February 15, at Calcutta, Desmond William, the dearly beloved infant son of Mr and Mrs W B Moore, aged 6 months and 28 days.

MCKENNIE—February, 13, Richard Cherry McKennie, District Engineer, aged 64 years.

PECTORAL

COUGH SYRUP.

An efficient and speedy remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, HOARSENESS, SHORTNESS of BREATH, &c. Its effects are immediate in dissolving and expelling the congealed Phlegm.

DIRECTIONS,

One or two tea-spoonfuls every 3 or 4 hours.

Re 1 per bottle.

PREPARED BY

KEMP & CO., LD.,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,

BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 24m. Sun sets, 6h. 3m. High water, 0-59m., 1-20a. Low water, 7-0m., 7-3a.
First Criminal Sessions, 10-30 a.m.
Bombay Races.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m.
Bombay Horse and Dog Show, Marine Lines Maidan, 7-30 a.m.
Bombay Hunt, Santa Cruz.
Sassoon Mechanics' Institute, Professor Sharp's lecture on "Things Japanese," 6 p.m.
Fitzgerald Brothers' Circus, Esplanade, 4 p. m. and 9-15 p. m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Messageries Maritimes steamer "Ville de la Ciotat" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 10 a.m. to-morrow. Letters, etc., for Aden will also be despatched by this steamer.

THE ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM.—At the annual meeting of the Anjuman-i-Islam on Sunday, Messrs. Faiz B Tyabjee and Hajee Yusuf Hajee Ismail were appointed Honorary Secretaries. Messrs Hajee Ismail, Hajee Yusuf Ahmedabadi and Dr. Rajabalil Lakdhir were appointed auditors, and in the Managing Committee Mr. Fazalbhai Visram was replaced by Mahomedbhai Currimbhai Ebrahim, making in all 25 members.

LECTURE AT MAZAGON.—A very interesting lecture on "Education" was given by Mr. M. T. Vaz on Sunday at the D'Souza School under the auspices of the Mazagon Institute, Professor N. G. Welnkar presided. The lecturer touched on the most important elements of education in a very lucid manner, Shakespeare, Tennyson, Milton and many other English and foreign writers were quoted to support his statements.

A BARGE SUNK.—A barge belonging to Mr. Hormusji Dossabhoy got loose, on Monday night, from the Victoria Dock walls, to which it had been fastened and drifting away collided with another barge which was lying at anchor close by. The Port Trust launch came up to their rescue and was towing the former craft to the Mazagon Bunder, when it sank. The barge contained a cargo of about a hundered tons of coal, which was lost.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The nineteenth annual general meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall to-day, at 5-30 p.m., to transact the following business:—To receive the annual report of the Council and the audited accounts of the Society for the year ending 31st December 1904. To elect the office-bearers for the ensuing year. To elect two auditors. Paper to be read: "Statistics of Suicides in Bombay during the year 1904, by Khan Bahadur Bomanjee Byramjee Pacell.

POLICE OFFICER FINED FOR ASSAULT.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Kersondas Chabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Sub-Inspector Ellis of the Bombay Police was charged with assaulting Ramchander Ashu, P. C. No. 158, on the 9th instant near Stone Bunder. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge of assault saying it was done under provocation. On the evidence and on the accused's plea of guilty, the Magistrate convicted him and remarked that the assault was committed under no provocation whatsoever, when the complainant went to the accused to wake him up to attend a case. He (the Magistrate) thought the accused had absolutely no reason to assault the complainant, whom, it was his business as a superior officer, to protect and live in harmony with his inferiors. He fined the accused Rs. 20.

THE SION ROAD MURDERS.—Lookaji Alias Tookaram Muraji, a Bhundari (toddy drawer), who attacked four persons with a sharp toddy tapping instrument in an oart at Sion Road, and who had since been concealing himself, was arrested in a Native Christian cemetery at Matoonga, not far from the scene of the murders, on Monday afternoon. It may be remembered that the woman, Lingabai, one of the victims of the assault, had died on the spot, while her husband Akar Boodaji, who was severely injured, died in the J. J. Hospital on Sunday last. Inquiries show that the alleged murderer, after committing the deed had been concealing himself about the place. On Monday afternoon Superintendent Williamson received certain information in consequence of which he proceeded to the Native Christian graveyard and seeing the man seated near a well established a cordon and had him arrested. The accused was yesterday morning charged before Mr. P. H. Dastur, at the Mazagon Police Court, with the murders of Lingabai and her husband Akar. The case was remanded.

The Hon'ble Sir Bhala Chandra Krishna, Kt., C. I. E., L. M., J. P., of Bombay writes thus:—To Pandit D. Gopalacharlu, Ayurvedic Doctor and Senior Physician, S. K. P. D. Hospital; Professor, S. K. P. D., Ayurvedic College, Madras; and Examiner, Mysore Ayurveda Vidvat Examination, the Madras Ayurveda Laboratory. "You have got a Gold Medal and a first class certificate for your Ayurvedic medicines. I congratulate you on the same. Your collections are the best of the whole lot."

THE NEW INDIAN MARINE TROOPSHIP.

THE LARGEST TROOPER AFLOAT.

THE New Royal Indian Marine Troopship Dufferin, which has been built by Messrs. Vickers, Sons, and Maxim, Limited, arrived in Bombay harbour on Monday night, under the Command of Captain T. A. Scott, who was instructed to bring out the vessel and hand her over to the Indian Government. She left Barrow-in-Furness on the 28th January and called at Port Said en route. The Dufferin had a fine voyage and came along under minimum speed. On the 14th February, she spoke the s. s. Astoria showing signals, "not under Command; all well and no assistance required, slight repairs to the engines," 36 miles South-East of Perim. On the 17th February, the Dufferin sighted a Dhow No. 2662, Nacoda Noor Mahomed Hassam, showing signals of distress in Lat. 15·17 North and 56.50 East 20 days out from Karachi, with 26 passengers on board bound to Zanzibar. The Dhow had evidently lost her way and was short of water. The Captain supplied the Dhow with three casks of water and gave her the position. The Dufferin will be taken over by the Indian Government to-morrow. The following staff at present have been appointed to the vessel by the Director, Royal Indian Marine:—Commander A. J. G. Piffard in Command, Lieuts. B. H. Jones A Hamilton and C. W. Ramsay, Sub.-Lt, B. C. Marsn, Chief Engr. W. Torrie, Engineer H. Robertson, Assistant Engineer G. H. Hendiman, 1st Grade Clerk P. Azavedo and Gunner F. Deas.

The Dufferin was launched from the Naval Construction Works of Messrs. Vickers, Sons, and Maxim, Limited, Barrow, on Sept. 14th. She is the largest troopship afloat. The dimensions of the vessel are as follows: Length over all 453ft.; breadth extreme 52ft. 6in., depth moulded to spar deck, 39ft. The vessel, is of the spar deck type, with straight stem and elliptical stern, and has four complete decks and a boat deck extending for about half the vessel's length amidships. A cellular double-bottom with a capacity of about 600 tons is provided for carrying fresh water for troops, etc. Under the main deck the vessel is subdivided into a large number of watertight compartments. The watertight doors in these compartments are fitted with the Stone-Lloyd system, by means of which all the doors can be closed in a few seconds from the Captain's bridge in case of collision, and thus rendering the ship practically unsinkable. The vessel is built of steel, the scantlings being equal to Lloyd's highest class, and the woodwork throughout is altogether of teak, the better to adapt her for the tropical climate in which she will be employed. She has accommodation for about 100 first and second-class passengers, 1,100 European troops as well as for all the officers, engineers, crew, firemen, officers' servants, soldiers' wives and children making a total complement of about 1,520.

On the boat deck, large teak deckhouses are built to accommodate the Captain and ship's officers. On the spar deck are arranged the entrances to the first and second-class passengers' accommodation and saloons and to troops' quarters, large and handsome smoking room and music-saloon and state-rooms are built on this deck.

State-rooms are built on the main deck for the first and second-class passengers and officers, with dining saloons, galleys, pantries and bakeries, all of which are fitted in first-class style. The usual lavatories, bath-rooms, etc., are provided, having hot and cold water supply. The firemen and crew are berthed on this deck forward.

The troops, women, and children's quarters are placed in the troop and orlop decks, and these places are fitted up complete with hospitals, washplaces, bath-rooms, W. C's etc., a cot lift also being provided to enable any of the sick to be raised on to spar deck. The passenger accommodation throughout is equal in all respects to the latest first-class passenger ships, and that for the troops is in strict accordance with the Admiralty Transport Regulation and the latest Admiralty practice.

Magazines and armoury, store and provision rooms, refrigeration-room, fresh-water tanks, etc., are built in orlop decks and in holds. The ventilating and sanitary arrangements have been specially studied, and are of the most efficient description, a large number of electric ventilating fans being fitted in addition to the natural ventilation provided. In the 'tween decks large ventilating windows are fitted. An efficient system of steam and electric heating is fitted up throughout all living spaces.

Electric lighting is fitted throughout in addition to the regulation oil and candle lamps; there is also a 24 in. Admiralty pattern searchlight projector, which is placed on the bridge. The vessel is to be provided with 4·7 eight quick-firing guns and eight 3-pounder quick-firing guns, and is so arranged that she can be easily converted into an armed cruiser, the magazines being built in the hold as already stated. The derricks and gear for working the cargo and stores, also the capstans and boat winch are fitted up with hydraulic power. A powerful steam windlass is fitted on spar deck forward for working the anchors, which are of the stockless type. The stem steering gear is placed on the spar deck amidships with chains led aft to screw gear an poop deck. The steam gear is controlled by abmotor on bridge deck. Helm signals are fitted on main mast to indicate position of rudder. A large number of boats, including two steam cutters, are carried on boat deck; the life-boats are built of steel, and are fitted with patent davits, and the vessel thoroughly equipped with all the usual life-saving appliances. The vessel has two pole masts, and is rigged as a fore and aft schooner. The contract speed is 18 1-2 knots. The propelling machinery consists of two sets of inverted, vertical, direct-acting triple expansion engines, each set having three cylinders working on separate cranks, and capable of developing 9,400 I. H. P. when running at 115 revolutions per minute. The cylinders are h. p. 30 in. diameter, I. P. 47 in. diameter, L. P. 75 in. diameter, with a stroke of 48 in. The steam distribution valves are of the piston type for the H. P. and I. P. cylinders, and of the flat double ported description for the L. P. cylinders. They are actuated by valve gear of the ordinary, double-eccentric link motion type, the reversing gear is operated by a stream and hydraulic engine, having steam cylinder 15 in, diameter and 2 in. stroke, placed at the back of the engines, and worked by the gear from the starting platform. The condensers are constructed of steel plates supported by seating on the sides of the ships, and having a total cooling surface of 10,600 square feet, they are each supplied with circulating water by a Gwynne's centrifugal pumping engine and arranged so that either pump can circulate either condenser, by means of a cross-connection. The auxiliaries in the engine-room consist of two general service duplex pumps to act as fire, bilge and ballast engines, two direct acting main feed pumps, and one direct acting auxiliary feed pump, two feed water filters, two sets of evaporators and distilling machinery, each capable of supplying 35 tons of fresh water per 24 hours, two feed heaters, one fresh auxiliary condenser for taking the exhaust steam from all the auxiliary engines in the ship and one fresh water duplex pump.

In the boiler room are fitted four ash ejectors and pumps, and four silent ash hoists. In addition to the above there is one large double acting sanitary pump fitted to each set of main engines worked in conjunction with the feed and bilge pumps from the air pump levers. At the forward end of the engine room, on the troop deck, is a large engineers' workshop, fitted with the usual machinery, and driven by an electric motor. The engines are supplied with steam from four double-ended boilers of the marine multitubular type, and worked under hot draught with closed ash pits on Howden's system. Each boiler is fitted with six of Morison's suspension furnaces, and are constructed for a working pressure of 180 lb. per square inch to Lloyd's requirements. A large auxiliary boiler of the cylindrical type with two of Morison's suspension furnaces is also fitted for supplying steam to all the auxiliary engines. Air is supplied to the furnaces by two large fans, each of which is driven by two engines. There are two funnels 10 ft. diameter outside and carried about 80 ft. above the level of the fire gate.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY REPORT.

At the Convocation of the Bombay University held yesterday the Registrar read the annual report, mentioning the principal results of the University examinations, endowments to the University, and the more important academical events of the past year from which the following are extracts:—

Examinations.

Matriculation Examination.—At this Examination there were 3830 Candidates. The Examination was conducted at Bombay, Poona, Ahmadabad, Belgam and Karachi. Of the successful Candidates, 1,122 were Hindus, 215 Parsis, 59 Portuguese and Native Christians, 50 Mahomedans, 38 Europeans and Eurasians, and 8 Jews. Included among the successful candidates were 63 women.

Previous Examination.—At this Examination there were 1,007 Candidates.

Of the 37 ex-Students who passed the Examination, 1 was from Elphinstone College, 4 were from Deccan College, 3 from Wilson College, 5 from St. Xavier's College, 5 from Gujarat College, 8 from Rajaram College, 7 from Baroda College 3 from Fergusson College and 1 from Samaldas College. Of the successful Candidates 504 were Hindus, 109 Parsis, 18 Mahomedans, 20 Portuguese, 2 Europeans 6 Jews and 3 Native Christians. 1 passed in the first class and 150 in the second class. Included among the successful Candidates were 6 women.

Intermediate Arts Examination.—At this Examination there were 561 Candidates. Of the 32 ex-Students who passed the Examination, 6 were from Elphinstone College, 1 from Deccan College, 2 from Wilson College, 5 from St. Xavier's College, 3 from Gujarat College, 3 from Rajaram College, 4 from Baroda College, 6 from Fergusson College and 2 from Samaldas College. Of the successful Candidates 290 were Hindus, 74 Parsis 11 Mahomedans, 5 Portuguese, 2 Jews, 1 a European and 1 a Native Christian. 1 passed in the first class and 88 in the second class. Included among the successful Candidates were 4 women.

Examination for the Degree of B. A.—At this examination there were 424 Candidates. Of the 37 ex-Students who passed the Examination, 7 were from Elphinstone College, 3 from Deccan College, 10 from Wilson College, 5 from St. Xavier's College, 2 from Gujarat College, 4 from Baroda College, 4 from Fergusson College and 2 from Bahauddin College. Of the successful Candidates 217 were Hindus, 45 Parsis, 6 Mahomedans, 2 Europeans, and 1 a Portuguese, 3 passed in the first class and 72 in the second class. Included among the successful Candidates were 2 women.

Intermediate Science Examination.—There were 15 Candidates, of whom 10 passed the Examination, 2 were placed in the second class, 6 were Hindus, 3 were Parsis and 1 was a Portuguese. 3 were from Wilson College, 3 from Baroda College, and 4 from the College of Science, Poona. In 1903 there were 17 Candidates of whom 9 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 15 Candidates, of whom 4 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of B. Sc.—There were 7 Candidates, of whom 6 passed the Examination, 5 were placed in the second class. 5 were Hindus and 1 was a Parsi. 3 were from Wilson College, 1 from St. Xavier's College and 2 from Baroda College. In 1903 there were 5 Candidates, of whom 2 passed the examination, and in 1902 there were 7 Candidates, of whom 6 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Languages.—There were 28 Candidates, of whom 13 passed the Examination, 8 were Hindus, 4 were Parsis and 1 was a Native Christian. 3 were from Elphinstone College, 2 from Deccan College, 3 from Wilson College, 3 from St. Xavier's College and 1 each from Fergusson and Gujarat Colleges. Included among the successful Candidates was 1 woman. In 1903 there were 28 Candidates, of whom 14 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 33 Candidates, of whom 11 passed the Examination.

Examination for the degree of M. A. in History.—There were 5 Candidates, of whom 2 passed the Examination. I was placed in the second class. 1 was a Hindu and 1 a Parsi. 1 was from St. Xavier's College and 1 from Gujarat College. In 1903 there were 3 Candidates, of whom 2 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 4 Candidates, of whom 3 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Philosophy.—There were 4 Candidates, of whom 3 passed the Examination. All were Hindus, 2 were from Fergusson College and 1 was from Baroda College. In 1903 there were 4 Candidates, all of whom passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 6 Candidates, of whom 2 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Mathematics.—There were 4 Candidates, of whom 2 passed the Examination. I was placed in the second class. Both were Hindus. I was from Elphinstone College and 1 from Deccan College. In 1903 there were 2 Candidates, both of whom passed the Examination, and in 1902 there was 1 Candidate who failed to pass the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Physics.—There was 1 Candidate, a Hindu from Fergusson College, who passed the Examination. In 1903 there was no Candidate, and in 1902 there was 1 Candidate, who failed to pass the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Chemistry. There were 3 candidates, all of whom passed the Examination, 2 were placed in the second class. All were Hindus from St. Xavier's College. In 1903 there were 5 Candidates, all of whom passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 6 Candidates, of whom 4 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of M. A. in Natural Science. There was 1 candidate who passed the Examination. He was a Parsi from Elphinstone College. In 1903 there was 1 candidate who passed the Examination, and in 1902 there was no Candidate.

First Examination for the Degree of LL. B.—There were 228 Candidates, of whom 166 passed the Examination. 1 was placed in the first division. 106 were Hindus, 31 Parsis 4 Mahomedans, 2 Portuguese, 1 European, 1 Jew, and 1 a native Christian. 80 were from Government Law School, 30 from Government Law Class, Poona, 6 from Gujarat Law Class, 13 from Baroda Law Class, 9 from Sind Law Class, 4 from Bhawnagar Law Class, and 4 from Junagadh Law Class. In 1903 there were 200 Candidates, of whom 134 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 195 Candidates, of whom 99 passed the Examination. There were 130 Candidates at the B. A. Examination who took up Roman History and General Jurisprudence and Roman Law as their optional subject, of whom 25 were declared to have passed the First L. L. B. Examination. 22 were Hindus, 2 were Parsis and 1 was a Mahomedan. 14 were from Government Law School, 2 from Government Law Class, Poona, 2 from Gujarat Law Class, 1 from Baroda Law Class, 3 from Sind Law Class, and 3 from Bhavnagar Law Class. In 1903 there were 156 Candidates, of whom 43 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 129 Candidates of whom 13 passed the Examination.

Second Examination for the Degree of L.L.B.—There were 181 Candidates from Government Law School, of whom 122 passed the Examination, 6 were placed in the first division. 109 were Hindus, 171 Parsis, 3 Mahomedans, 1 a Jew, and 1 a Native Christian. In 1903 there were 174 Candidates of whom 102 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 106 Candidates, of whom 64 passed the Examination.

Examination in Elementary Mechanics of Solids and Fluids There were 91 Candidates from Grant Medical College of whom 82 passed the Examination, 31 were Hindus, 29 Parsis, 16 Portuguese, 5 Mahomedans, and 1 a European, 6 of the successful Candidates were women. In 1903 there were 146 Candidates, of whom 139 passed the Examination and in 1902 there were 142 Candidates, of whom 126 passed the Examination.

First Examination in Medicine.—There were 188 Candidates from Grant Medical College, of whom 98 passed the Examination, 1 was placed in the first class, 42 were Hindus, 33 Parsis, 11 Portuguese, 3 Europeans, 3 Mahomedans and 1 a Jew. Of the successful Candidates 8 were women. In 1903 there were 178 Candidates, of whom 121 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 167 Candidates, of whom 123 passed the Examination.

Second Examination in Medicine.—There were 199 Candidates from Grant Medical College, of whom 108 passed the Examination. 7 were placed in the first class, 48 were Hindus, 33 Parsis 18 Portuguese 4 Mahomedans, 2 Europeans, 2 Native Christians and 1 a Jew. Of the successful Candidates, 3 were women. In 1903 there were 197 Candidates of whom 95 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 171 Candidates, of whom 81 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of L. M. and S. (June) —There were 42 Candidates from Grant Medica. College, of whom 15 passed the Examination, 2 were placed in the first class. 6 were Hindus, 3 Parsis, 3 Mahomedans, 2 Portuguese and 1 a Native Christian. Included among the successful Candidates was 1 woman. In 1903 there were 34 Candidates, of whom 17 passed the Examination, and in 1902 there were 26 Candidates, of whom 10 passed the Examination.

Examination for the Degree of L. M. and S. (November).—There were 88 Candidates from Grant Medical College, of whom 33 passed the Examination. 1 was placed in the first class. 16 were Parsis 9 Hindus, 3 Portuguese, 2 Mahom

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*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, FEB. 21, 1905.

ADVICE TO THE YOUNG BRITISH SOLDIER.

A REVISED edition of the Shooting Pass Rules approved by the Government of India, for British non-commissioned officers and soldiers has been recently issued. To this conveniently sized little book, there is appended a series of extremely lucid and instructive notes regarding the conduct of soldiers towards natives when out-shooting under the pass rules. The notes have been compiled by Mr. H.H. Risley, C.S.I. and C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department. Holding, as he does, the additional appointment of Director of Ethnography for India, Mr. Risley is specially qualified for the task of explaining the customs, beliefs and superstitions, which forms a large part of the daily life of the Indian villager. A more general knowledge on the part of British soldiers, regarding matters that are likely to give offence, is calculated to reduce the occasions, for disagreement which have unfortunately been hitherto far too common. A soldier ordinarily starts with no knowledge as to what is likely to create ill-feeling; and the opinion that he is, at first sight, likely to form of not a few native usages is that they are eminently absurd. How far this view is likely to be modified by a perusal of Mr. Risley's notes cannot, perhaps, be exactly determined, but when he is taught that these customs are looked upon by the people of this country as sacred, and that interference with them may cause a man to be put out of caste or pecuniarily fined for no fault of his own, the robust common sense of Thomas Atkins, may be trusted to treat these prejudices with due respect. One point regarding the excellent series of notes regarding customs and superstitions that calls for remark is its limitations. Ignorance is not only on the side of the European; and a native often assumes that some act, which hurts his feelings, has been done on purpose to annoy him, while the very opposite may have been intended. If it is of such importance to instruct a soldier in so many details regarding the idiosyncracies of his Aryan brother, is it not a matter of equal necessity to draw up a little book regarding the ways and customs of British soldiers, and distribute translations thereof broad-cast in villages, which shooting perties are likely to approach? Such a compilation might be of considerable interest not only to the persons for whose use it would be primarily intended, but to a wider proletariat. It can safely be said that an acquaintance with Mr. Risley's notes on the native and his ways would be of great value to all new arrivals in India, whether Civil or Military. Nor is their utility limited to new arrivals. There are few old residents in the country who will fail to discover in this little "vade mecum" some information that is both novel and interesting to them; and the work deserves to be given the widest publicity.

The instructions commence with an enumeration of twelve classes of objects, which soldiers should learn to avoid; and as in some cases, the uninitiated may not find it easy to recognise the items from a mere tabulation, a detailed series of illustrations, which should leave no room for mistake, is appended. The advice to avoid the neighbourhood of temples and mosques hardly needs elaboration; but, with the comprehensive carefulness that characterises the author's plan, it is explained that Hindus build temples with pointed tops, while Mahomadans have mosques with domes, and a varying number of minarets. Shrines of village gods and of subordinate deities need considerable amplification. These, it is stated, may assume various forms ranging from a masonry building to a shapeless mass of clay; and may usually be recognised by the presence of flags or streamers, smears of vermilion, images or pictures of snakes, and holes or niches for lamps. Other objects regarded as sacred are trees and rocks which are marked with vermilion, or on or near which flags have been erected, cotton rags tied, or offerings placed. In many places rude representations of the sun and moon are carved on wooden pillars which are worshipped near a village. A crooked cross emblematic of the sun is sometimes painted on the walls beside the door post to keep off the evil eye. In some districts a drum smeared with red lead forms part of the worship of the earth. If near the edge of a field there is observed a small hut of clods about a foot high, covered with fresh grass and supported by two posts, this is on no account to be disturbed as it represents a votive offering to mother earth for the blessing of a rich harvest. If on a river or tank there floats a little raft of grass with a lighted lamp placed upon it, this should never be interfered with. It constitutes an offering to the god of water, and the patron deity of boatmen, who is worshipped in this way all over India. A low flat mound of earth with seven knobs of coloured clay at the head or west side, a flag being sometimes erected to the east, constitutes the shrine of Mahamai or the great mother. A rude image of Hanuman, the monkey god, smeared with oil and red ochre, is frequently met with; and at every wrestling place, a platform smeared with cowdung or earth is erected in his honour. Various descriptions of the shrines of village gods are given in detail. Often near these shrines are to be found little clay images of elephants and horses, and clay bowls with short legs, while on the neighbouring trees are hung miniature cots to commemorate the recovery of a patient from small-pox or other infectious disease.

If the young British soldier desires to know what the goddess of cholera is like, her description is given as a block of stone roughly hewn into the semblance of the human figure, or a fragment of rough stone daubed with red ochre and placed beneath the boughs of an ancient banian tree. The god of cholera has a shrine outside the village with a stone figure of the god on horse-back, decorated with flags. The prevailing characteristics of the gods of itch, fever, and of cattle disease are carefully delineated; and information follows regarding the worship of ancestors, of suttees or suttee-stones, of pirs or saints and of the malevolent dead. Among the sacred trees, the most important are the pipal and the banian. These are worshipped by high caste Hindu women every month by watering the roots, smearing the trunk with red lead and ground sandal-wood. At the foot the worshippers may place copper coins or sweetmeats which become the perquisite of beggars. Sometimes a string of cotton is twisted round the trunk, and if vessels of water are to be seen hanging from the branches it is to be borne in mind that they have been placed there by pious souls for the spirits of the dead to drink from. Animals frequently form an object of worship. The monkey owes its sanctity to the fact that it is regarded as the embodiment of the god Hanuman. The squirrel is sacred because it helped the god Rama to build the bridge between India and Ceylon, when he went to recover his wife, Sita, from the demon Ravana. In gratitude for this service, Rama stroked the squirrel, leaving the marks of three fingers on his back, and ordained that no man should kill him. Though the degree of reverence attached to cats, pigeons, peacocks and parrots varies much in different parts of India, it is nevertheless a good general rule to leave them all severely alone. The reason assigned for the objection to a parrot being shot is that he has a hand like a man, the hind claws being prehensile, and can talk like a man; therefore, it is wrong to kill him. With regard to the canine tribe, the glorious inconsistency of the East is seen at its zenith. Soldiers are warned that dogs are regarded by both Hindus and Mahomedans as unclean animals, and that they should not allow their dogs to go near natives or their houses. Nevertheless the dog is associated with the worship of Bhairon or Bhairava, the guardian of Siva temples, and in various parts of India no native will injure a dog. Again, it has to be remembered that pariah dogs, though apparently ownerless, are supposed to be useful in guarding villages at night; and natives strongly objected to their being killed. Very interesting in the information contained in Mr. Risley's book on the subjects of fetish worship, rag offerings and customs connected with the evil eye. Natives dislike to have their children praised unless the praise be accompanied by some pious exclamation They are afraid of being stared at, especially by Europeans; and if stared at intently they turn their eyes away through fear of fascination. Further advice to Thomas Atkins, when engaged in shikar, is to avoid cemeteries and burning ghats, sacred tanks and bathing ghats; he is cautioned not to eat near temples or shrines, and never to offer food to natives, whether adults or children. He should never approach or look at natives, when they are engaged in cooking or in eating their food. Many other useful "dont's" are appended. If the British soldier fails to obtain any sport, when he has gone out with a shooting pass, he can fall back for recreation upon a study of Mr. Risley's "walking encyclopædia," and improve his education in folklore and comparative mythology. The more we dive into Mr. Risley's notes the more are we encouraged to hope that similar notes on the genus Tommy may be prepared for the use of his Indian fellow-subjects. Amongst other points there might be a preliminary caution that the nails of Europeans do not, like those of the Rakshas or ogre, distil a deadly poison, and that this is not the reason why they eat with knives and forks instead of with their fingers. This information being assimilated, a further step might be reached in persuading the Native of India that Europeans have not as a rule control over ghosts, or a monopoly of enticing away fat boys to make magical ointment from their fat. In minor details a warning might be given that when a soldier employs a big, big D. it is usually intended for a term of endearment, and that if he spits on his hands, he is not invoking the aid of evil spirits. Such a compendium would be of unmixed advantage. Meanwhile, a debt of gratitude is due to the author of the notes on Indian ways and customs.

IRELAND AGAIN.

It is indisputable that the Government is in a sorry plight. Fear of the Opposition, more than a regard for Russia, inspired the censure of Sir Frank Younghusband; and the outburst of the "Times" and the attitude of the Irish Unionists caused the dropping of the Irish Devolution Scheme and the censure of Sir Antony Macdonnell. There seems to be no reason to doubt that Mr. Wyndham coquetted with the proposals of the Irish Reform Association and led his Under-Secretary to believe that they had his sympathy and approval. A telegram tells us that they were also approved by Earl Dudley, the Viceroy of Ireland, and it was pertinently asked during the debate in the House of Commons if the Viceroy had been censured as well as Sir Antony Macdonnell? It would be the most natural sequel to the incident if the rumour that the Viceroy and the Under-Secretary are resigning, should be correct. Sir Antony Macdonnell, at any rate, has not given us the impression that he would be prepared to make a vicarious atonement for Mr. Wyndham without offering 'some form of protest. But the dropping of "Devolution" and the offer of the Under-Secretary as a scapegoat has not eased the situation for the Government. While the Irish Unionists may be appeased, the Nationalists have begun the Session determined to make their presence felt. We may not attach much importance to Mr. Redmond's rhodomontade about armed revolt, and neither does the Irish leader. Allusions to revolution are to be expected when it can be seen in action close by. The European ferment of 1848 and twenty years later affected some Irish heads, but the experience of those miserable uprisings in Ireland effectually put an end to any hopes of successful armed revolt. Mr. Redmond has, however, recently returned from America, and it is a concession to the Irish-American paymasters that he should "play the chune." The American subscribers to Irish Parliamentary funds are not content to pay for a mild contribution to the proceedings at St. Stephens; and so we have the reference to armed revolt. That can deceive nobody, but it would be a grave mistake to assume that there is no danger to be feared. Ireland is at present free from serious crime; but if the Orange minority, in face of the experience of the Irish executive, are to continue to oppose reform and to vindictively pursue officials who venture to approve it, can we be surprised if political crime break out anew? Sir Antony Macdonnell is not the only Under-Secretary whose experience at Dublin Castle has convinced him that all is not well with Irish Government. He is supported by Sir Joseph West Ridgeway, the late Governor of Ceylon, who was Under-Secretary for Ireland in 1887. The late Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces was sent to Dublin Castle because his record indicated him as the man to discover how and why the administration failed. He succeeded too well, for the Government has not the courage to apply the remedy he indicated. The Irish Leader can claim that Home Rule is the only political issue before Irishmen to-day, because Sir Antony and the Reform Association have revivified that issue; while the Government, anxious to prolong its life, dare not face the issue no matter under what mild name it may be presented. At the same time the Irish party presents a solid phalanx prepared to bargain as the occasion serves, but equally ready to throw its weight against the Government and terminate its career. Mr. Redmond's amendment to the Addresss may be a challenge, or it may be but an indication to the Ministry of the lengths to which the Irish are prepared to go in the present Session. Whether it is fateful for the Cabinet or not, the division will show.

THE COST OF THE TIBET EXPEDITION.

AFTER expressing himself with unnecessary strength of language on the subject of Colonel Younghusband's settlement of Tibetan affairs, Mr. Balfour now tells the House of Commons that the question was one of essentially Indian interest and, under the circumstances it is neither just nor expedient that the expenditure incurred should fall on the British Exchequer. Trading potentialities alone could have justified Indian interference, and it is certain that the game for us will never pay for the candle which has been burnt. But considering that it was all for our good, in the opinion of Mr. Brodrick, it is, to say the least, remarkable that he did not leave us to settle the thing in our own way instead of sending forth the exceedingly uncalled-for reproof of our Political Agent, who, after all, was merely carrying out the instructions of the Government of India. With a weak Minister at Home even the best efforts of a wise Viceroy may be undone and stultified. The Treaty as modified by the Secretary of State is such as to cause the Tibetans to regard us, as both childish and untrustworthy. And yet we have to pay for the ridiculous mess which Mr. Brodrick has made of things.

THE Council of his Excellency the Governor of Bombay, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, will meet in the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay, on Saturday, the 18th March, at 12 o'clock noon.

THE Royal Indian Marine Steamer Canning, Commander Huddleston, sailed yesterday evening for Rangoon via Calicut with drafts of Liverpool K. O. S. Borderers, Middlesex, Cheshire and Essex Regiments, which arrived from England by the transport London. They were transhipped on board in the harbour.

THE annual Convocation of the Bombay University was held last evening in the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall, under the presidency of the Rev. Dr. Mackichan, Vice-Chancellor, when there was a large attendance of European and Native ladies and members of the general public. The galleries were well filled by graduates, students, and others. Most of those Fellows, who opposed the work of the University being conducted by the Provisional Syndicates, were conspicuous by their absence; and the attendance of Fellows was much smaller than it usually had been under the old constitution. The number of lady graduates who obtained higher degrees was comparatively large, and one of them who won three medals at the same time was deservedly complimented upon her brilliant success as a student. The most noticeable feature of the evening's proceedings was the address of the Vice-Chancellor, who, amid the consideration of a variety of topics, entered upon an elaborate vindication of the provisions of the new University Act.

THE suggestion has been made that the trouble over the Australian mail contract may be surmounted by a Trans-Canadian service. It is, indeed, said that official negotiations have opened up for the carriage of the mails via Vancouver, and with the co-operation of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the time occupied in transit to Australia would be considerably less than that taken via the Suez Canal. The humorous side of this dispute with the Commonwealth Government has found expression in a neat and somewhat remarkable way. A member of the House of Representatives asked the Postmaster-General recently—"Whether, in view of the fact that the P. and O. Company permit passengers to travel to England first-class, and to occupy the very best of the cabins, and to carry 10 cwt. of luggage for the sum of £77., and that the Company will charge at poundage rates £201. for 10 cwt. of letters he will make such arrangements that Members of Parliament may be franked by the department to England on the understanding that they take as personal luggage 10 cwt. of letters thus enabling the department to save £103. on every half-ton of letters sent to England and at the same time to permit Members to visit England thus cementing the bonds of empire. The Postmaster-General's reply was that the Government would be only too glad to help Members of the Opposition to go to England after the Recess. Perhaps "England" was not exactly what he meant but Parliamentary decorum is strong in the Commonwealth.

DR. O'REILLY, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Adelaide, the Metropolis of South Australia, is going home to pay his respects to Pope Pius the Tenth. He possesses an accomplishment unusual in an Archbishop. He can set up type. He was the editor of a weekly paper before he became a prelate, and his compositors went out on strike. In this emergency he took to the case himself, and industriously acquired the art of type-setting. He afterwards called the strike a blessing in disguise, as it saved him the trouble of writing any more leading articles. Thenceforward he put them in type straight from his head.

AN engine was seen going through Willesden Green Station at the rate of about thirty miles an hour, the driver of which had his clothes on fire. He seemed to be clambering over the engine to get into the water tank. The engine ran past the signals but was eventually pulled up. Several men rushed to the poor man, with the object of putting out the flames. His clothes, beard, and hair were then all on fire. He was taken quickly to the station master's office and his clothes immediately removed. It seems that the flames burst out from the fire-box, setting his clothes alight. He is rather an elderly man. The stoker was also burnt in trying to extinguish the flames.

TREPOFF THE DICTATOR.

A STRONG MAN.

Now that M. Plehwe is dead and M. Pobiedonostzeff has lost his nerve, there is no man in all Russia whom the revolutionary party hate with quite the same intensity as they hate General Trepoff, the newly-appointed Dictator of St. Petersburg; and they fear him even more than they hate him. For years past he has been, in their eyes, the veriest personification of everything that is dangerous, everything that is evil—a sort of tiger and serpent combined. Even the more moderate among them lose all self-control when his name is mentioned, and hurl at him epithets they would never think of hurling even at the Grand Duke Vladimir. There is nothing they would not do to rid themselves of him; they have tried to kill him not once, but times without number—three times in the course of a single fortnight. So often, indeed, have they tried and failed that strange legends have sprung up around him the superstitious gravely arguing there must be something uncanny about him that renders him impervious alike to steel, powder, and dynamite. So far as the rank and file of the revolutionary party are concerned, it is undoubtedly the feeling of impotence which he inspires among them that is at the root of much of the fierce hatred with which he is regarded. With the leaders it is, of course, different; they have good reasons, quite apart from their sense of helplessness, for the bitter enmity they cherish against him. If they hate him says a writer in "The World" it is, because, they have long realized that of all their opponents he is in many ways the most formidable; for they know that he is a strong man—probably, with one exception, the strongest man in Russia. They know, too, that he is as able as he is strong, as shrewd as he is brave, as swift in striking as he is ruthless. This they have learnt by painful experience, for they have had many a fight with him in these latter days; and in every fight, so far at any rate, they have been worsted. Russian revolutionaries of all sections, as well as their sympathisers and well-wishers throughout Europe, received the news of his appointment as Governor-General of St. Petersburg with an outburst of furious wrath; and well they might, far from their standpoint no appointment could be more disastrous. If the Romanoff dynasty can be saved—there is still a big "if" in the case—General Trepoff is certainly the man to save it; and their strongest wish is, of course, that it should not be saved.

HIS MOSCOW RECORD.

It was while acting as chief of the Moscow police that General Trepoff first showed that, however, it might be with most Russian officials, he at least had a head on his shoulders and could think as well as shoot. When the city was placed under his care, disorder was rife; anarchy was being preached almost openly, and students and workers alike seemed to have no thought beyond parading the streets with red flags. At any cost this state of things must be stopped, the General determined; and he straightway set to work to stop it. Then, to the unbounded surprise of all Russians and the equal consternation of Russian revolutionaries and capitalists, he suddenly changed his tactics, so far, at any rate, as the working classes were concerned; for after striking them more brutally than they had ever been struck before, he took them under his own protection. He summoned their leaders and told them frankly that they had been acting like fools, allowing themselves to be used as catspaws by revolutionaries who were much more in sympathy with their masters than with them, and would never raise a finger to better their condition. He told them, too, that the enemy they had to fear was not the Government, but the capitalists, their employers; and he pledged his word to them that, if they would remain quiet and orderly, he, acting on behalf of the Tsar, would protect them against their enemy—would right their wrongs and see that they were properly treated. As an earnest of what he could do for them he allowed them to form themselves into unions, and even—a thing unheard of before in Russia—to meet together every Saturday to talk over their own affairs. He took a leaf out of Bismarck's book, in fact, and set to work deliberately to capture the working classes of Moscow in the name of the Tsar; for he held, and still holds, that unless the working classes are captured—are convinced that the Tsar is their one friend, and that he alone is able to protect and help them—autocracy is doomed. According to him a despot may safely do what he will with the classes, providing he has the masses on his side.

CAPTURING LABOUR.

At first he scored brilliantly; the Moscow workers threw over both their student friends and their revolutionary wire-pullers, and ranged themselves on the side of the Government as devoted subjects of the Tsar. The General in return started a regular campaign against the capitalists. He organised a band of official inspectors, and sent them round from factory to factory to bring pressure to bear on employers to induce them to cease exploiting their employes, and begin treating them as human beings, not beasts of burden. This brought every capitalist in the Empire into the field against him. Soon the Imperial Home Office was thronged with men come to denounce him as a stirrer-up of strife between them and their workers, and M. Sipiaguine sent orders that he must have done, once for all, with this coquetting with labour. General Trepoff, however, appealed to the Tsar, who assured him of his sympathy, and wished him God-speed in his work. Then the St. Petersburg workers began to clamour for equal rights with their fellows in Moscow—the right to form unions, the right to hold meetings—and this stirred up against him General Kliegels, who was then chief of the St. Petersburg police. Sipiaguine was murdered; the Tsar waxed nervous; the Grand Dukes became alarmed and Trepoff was again ordered to cease from troubling. Through the Grand Duke Sergius, however, he brought pressure to bear on Tsar Nicholas, with the result that he was again given a free hand. When M. Plehwe became Home Secretary, he hurried at once to Moscow to find out for himself whether this game the General was playing was really as dangerous as Kliegels declared, and he was so impressed by the orderly demeanour of the workers there that he had nothing but thanks and congratulations for Trepoff. As time passed, however, and he found that the privileges granted to the Moscow workers must either be withdrawn or granted also to the St Petersburg workers, he changed his tone and, by insisting that the labour unions should be dissolved and their meetings prohibited, practically undid all Trepoff's work by shaking the men's faith in the Tsar's power to help them, and thus turning them against the Government.

THE BAR SINISTER?

General Trepoff's enemies are never weary of taunting him with having Imperial blood in his veins. Why this should be counted a crime to him it would be hard to say Whether he has, or has not, is a matter with which, however, the world has no concern, as officially he has always been recognised as the son of the General Trepoff who was Prefect of St. Petersburg some twenty years ago. There is no touch of the bureaucrat about him, either in appearance or manner; on the contrary, he looks and is a thorough soldier. It is an open secret that he would have given his right hand gladly to be allowed to go to the front months ago. He is still in the prime of life and extremely handsome. His manners are charming; there is a quiet dignity in his bearing that is infinitely attractive—a touch of sadness, too, excepting when he is facing a hostile crowd; then his eyes light up and there is always a smile on his lips. If he be, indeed, the monster his foes declare he is, never was there a man with a more deceptive appearance. Although the Grand Dukes, as a party, are inclined to look on him askance, he has many warm friends at Court. The Grand Duke Sergius had implicit faith in him, and so has the Grand Duchess, the Tsaritsa's sister, while his own daughter is one of her Majesty's favourite maids of honour. And he will need the support of all the friends he has there if he is to do the work he has set his heart on doing. If he is to capture the working classes of St. Petersburg, as he once captured those of Moscow, he must have a free hand for months to come. But the Tsar changes his mind from day to day!

RUSSIAN REFORM.

A LABOUR COMMISSION.

STUDENTS' DEMONSTRATION.

TSAR'S PORTRAIT MUTILATED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 20.

The Commission appointed at St. Petersburg to examine the grievances of the workmen has issued a most elaborate scheme whereby the employers and the workmen elect delegates on the Commission.

With the permission of General Trepoff, a mass meeting of students was held in the hall of St. Petersburg University.

The speakers denounced the shooting of workmen and demanded a constitution.

The excitement was intense throughout the proceedings.

Red and black banners were unfurled inscribed "Death to the Butchers."

A painting of the Tsar was slashed to pieces.

A large force of police was in the vicinity of the University.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

The employes of the Russian South-Western Railway held a meeting at Kieff and decided a general strike.

The resolution passed at the mass meeting held in the hall of the St. Petersburg University inveighed in most violent terms the follies and impotence of the autocracy and predicted its speedy downfall. It welcomed the workmen as allies and declared that it was necessary to establish a National Militia in order to fight for the realization of these aspirations and against the Government interference.

It has been decided to convene a Zemskysobor or National Parliament probably on the 4th proximo by an Imperial Manifesto.

Martial law has been proclaimed at Tsarskoeselo owing to the great numbers of threatening letters which have been received there.

THE RUSSIAN POSITIONS.

Redistribution of Forces.

BRITISH STEAMERS CAPTURED.

THE BALTIC FLEETS.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

Reuter (Tokio) says that considerable Russian movements are taking place along the Shaho and the Hunho front, and evidently a re-distribution of the columns is occurring.

The British steamers Silviana and Powderham, laden with coal, have been seized en route to Vladivostock.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

Reuter (Port Louis) telegraphs that seventy vessels of the Baltic fleets, including colliers, were at Nossibe on the 16th instant.

The Russians were lavishly buying stores.

General Stoessel has landed quietly at Theodosia.

FUNERAL OF GRAND DUKE SERGIUS.

Court Mourning Ordered.

At the direct request of the Tsar, Prince Henry of Prussia is not going to the funeral of the Grand Duke Sergius to represent the Emperor William as was intended.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 21.

One week's Court mourning in India from to-day is notified in a "Gazette" extraordinary in consequence of the death of Grand Duke Sergius Alexandrovitch.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ARMED RIOTS AT BAKU.

Many Killed and Wounded.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

Rioting has been going on at Baku since Sunday. Armed Mussalmans are attacking the Armenians, and many have been killed and wounded.

FRANCE AND JAPAN.

The Defence of French Indo-China.

During the discussion on the Naval Estimates in the French Chamber of Deputies, several speakers urged the necessity of strengthening the defences of French Indo-China in view of the rise of Japan.

THE TIBET EXPEDITION.

The Burden of Cost.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour, replying to Mr. Weir, said that Mr. Brodrick had stated in the House of Commons that the Tibetan question was essentially of Indian interest and, under the circumstances, it was neither just nor expedient that the expenditure incurred for the expedition should fall on the British Exchequer.

For immediate delivery 10 H. P. two Cylinder Clement Cars Rs. 5,400.—Sole Agent for India E. J. Lee, 28, Esplanade Road Bombay.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

IRELAND AND HOME RULE.

Amendment to the Address.

MR. REDMOND TALKS OF REBELLION.

LONDON, FEB. 20.

In the House of Commons, to-night, Mr. Redmond brought forward an Amendment to the Address stating that the present Government was opposed to the will of the Irish people, who had no voice in their own affairs, that Home Rule was the only political issue before the Irishmen and that the sentiment of the people was for an armed revolt which would be their duty if there was a reasonable chance of success.

THE IRISH DEVOLUTION SCHEME.

Ulstermen's Revolt.

HEATED DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

THE VICEROY RESIGNS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 21.

An "Englishman" special cablegram says that the Orange M. P.'s are in revolt against Sir Antony Macdonnell. The Macdonnell and Dunraven Devolution scheme has aroused a heated debate in the House of Commons. Mr. Wyndham admitted that the Viceroy approved of the scheme and said that the Government had censured Sir A. Macdonnell.

On being questioned as to whether the censure applied to the Viceroy, Mr. Wyndham did not reply.

There are rumours that Lord Dudley and Sir A. Macdonnell are resigning.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 21.

In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Wyndham explained his relations with Sir Antony MacDonnell who, he said, was rather a colleague than a mere Under-Secretary and referred to Sir Antony's loyalty and integrity.

Mr. Wyndham further said that Sir Antony MacDonnell was censured by the Cabinet because he assisted in the publication of the proposals of the Irish Reform Association to which both he (Mr. Wyndham) and the Cabinet objected.

During the debate on the Amendment to the Address, brought forward by Mr. Redmond, Mr. Winston Churchill, the member for Oldham, asked the Secretary of State for Ireland if the Cabinet's censure of Sir Antony MacDonnell included the the Earl of Dudley, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Mr. Wyndham, in reply, stated that when Sir Antony MacDonnell was censured, the Government was not aware that Lord Dudley approved Sir Antony's action.

The "Times" understands that the Earl of Dudley has resigned the Viceroyalty of Ireland, and it is believed that Sir Antony MacDonnell's retirement will follow.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY BOARD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 21.

The Indian Railway Board is now getting to work in Calcutta. It has taken over the officers of the existing Railway Secretariat excepting Mr. Hodson, who proceeds on leave, Colonel Wilson continues as Director of Traffic until next year when he retires.

MINERAL DISCOVERY IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

The report of the Board of Scientific Advice for the last year records amongst other events the discovery of important deposits in Central Provinces which are believed to be typical of the kind used largely in Europe and America as a source of aluminium.

COTTON CULTIVATION IN BENGAL.

The Bengal Government have established permanent centres in Saran, Muzaffarpur, Cuttack and Mabbum districts for the collection of selected cotton seed for distribution to cultivators.

COTTON CROP PROSPECTS.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 20.

The first general official memorandum upon the Indian cotton crop season of 1904-05, to-night published, estimates a total outturn at just under three and half million bales, being 10 per cent. better than last year and 40 per cent. above the average.

BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

The race for 30 footer class took place yesterday afternoon with a moderate breeze blowing from W. N. W. There were only two entries for the race, Melody and Sapphire, and the latter had to allow the former 4 mins. 59 secs., Melody getting the best of a poor start crossing the line 36 seconds after gun-fire and 12 seconds in front of of Sapphire and round the North and South Karanja Buoys, but Sapphire afterwards took the lead and beat home. The first round ended :

Sapphire	4 hrs. 48 mins. 22 secs.
Melody	4 hrs. 50 mins. 16 secs.

Melody however out-raced her opponent and again led round the South and North Karanja Buoys. The finish was timed:

Melody	6 hrs. 24 mins. 2 secs.
Sapphire	6 hrs. 25 mins. 36 secs.

The former won with her time allowance by 6 mins. 23 secs.

FITZGERALD BROS' CIRCUS.

Fitzgerald Bros' Circus must be regarded as far and away the most successful organisation of its kind that has ever visited Bombay and during the past week the attendance every night has been quite unprecedented, the large and spacious tent being filled to its utmost capacity, and on Saturday night a large number of people being unable to obtain admission. There will be a matinee performance this afternoon at 4 o'clock in addition to the usual performance at 9-15 p m and parents wishing to give their children a treat should not miss the opportunity of sending them to the earlier performance.

For immediate delivery 10 H. P. two Cylinder Clement Cars, Rs. 5,400.—Sole Agent for India, E. J. Lee, 28, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BOMBAY HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

OPENING DAY.

THE Bombay Horse and Dog Show, opened on the Marine lines maidan yesterday afternoon. The arrangements this year have been quite in keeping with the reputation of the promoters both with regard to the exhibits and the arrangements in the enclosure. The area taken up for the exhibition, roughly speaking, is quite 400 yards by 200. The grounds present a picturesque and animated scene, a result which is mainly due to the Army and Navy Stores represented by Mr G. F. Hill, one of their Managers. Surrounding the four sides of the enclosure are countless multi-coloured streamers suspended from pole to pole, and the same gay display is made on the western end of the enclosure where a variety of flags of all nations proudly float at very close spaces. The most effective decoration is the "Shamiana" erected for the accommodation of the Government House party. The front is richly decorated with the National colours and on either side the colours of the Bombay Gymkhana make a proud display. On the extreme west of the boundary are shamianas and tents occupied by the Bombay Gymkhana, the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, Messrs Thompson Thomas and Company (who are making a display of foodstuffs for all kinds of animals), Messrs McAlpin and Huggett, saddlers and Mr Palonji Bomonji Palkiwalla who is exhibiting exquisite specimens of Bombay-built carriages. Adjoining the southern boundary is the enclosure for the dogs, and the northern end has been reserved for the horses and ponies that have been entered. The other details for the convenience and comfort of visitors have all been carefully attended to, and so far the entire arrangements are complete and satisfactory. All the necessary paraphernalia in connection with the Horse Show, viz., the hurdles, which include a water jump, and the two arenas for judging the horses and ponies were put up some time before the opening of the Show. The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine was present on the grounds yesterday afternoon and contributed much to the evening's doings by playing a choice selection of music.

The numerous events fixed for yesterday afternoon called for fairly good entries. Class 16 for Arab and country-bred Polo ponies attracted seventeen competitors. The event was divided into two classes, viz., Light Weights and Heavy Weights respectively. For the former Mr. L. Barraclough's Nero secured first prize, while second prize fell to Major F. M. Edward's Ringmaster; for the latter Mr. J. St. J. Graham's Gentleman found first place, the second prize going to Captain Foljambe's Mahal. Class 4 was for English and Colonial horses belonging to the Bombay Cavalry, H. E. the Governor's Body-guard and Mounted Police. Only the Body-guard, however, entered for this event. The competition for chargers of Volunteer Officers and Light Horse fell to Lieutenant Reddie's Ladysmith, second in order of merit being Mr. T. L. Robert's Chortler and third Mr. Shanks' Moidart. The first prize in Class I for English chargers was awarded to Major Edward's Zante, Mr. Reddie's Ladysmith being second on the list. Major Edwards won the first prize in Class 17 for Polo ponies other than Arabs and country breds, as also the special prize for the best Polo pony in the Show. Mr. J. St. J. Graham secured the laurels for Grey Leg in the event for Ladies' Horses, Arabs and C. B's. the next popular win being that of Mr. Dunk's Ajax for English and Colonial Hunters 14-2 and under. The next event for ladies was for other classes than Arab and country breds over 14-2, the first prize for which was awarded to Major General Richardson's Bixbee. Some excellent horsemanship was exhibited in the next event, a jumping competition for Ponies 14-2 and under, the first award going to Mrs. R. F. Anderson's Freda II. Lady Milbanke was awarded the first prize for the Harness Horses (other classes than Arabs and C. B's. over 14-2 in single harness); while a similar competition which followed for Arabs and C. B's. was won by Kumar Shri Vijaysinhji of Palitana. Mrs. H. Stauber's tandem for the next event for tandems was adjudged the best, Mr. Currimbhoy securing second prize. Mr Anandji Nanjee's turn out was declared the best in the competition for the best complete turn out, while first honours in the last event on the card for other classes than Arabs and C. B's. 14-2 and under in single harness fell to Mr. R. S. Powalla.

On the whole the various events were very enjoyable and a fine afternoon's outing was spent by all present. Details :—

Class 16.—Arab and Country-bred Polo Ponies. Judges: Mr. F. A. Prevost, and Lieut.-Col. Cookson.

Mr L Barraclough's g a e Nero	1a
Mr J St J Graham's br c-b g Gentlemen	1b
Maj F M Edwards's g a g Ringmaster	2a
Capt Foljambe's g a g Mahal	2b
Capt Meynell's b a e Martinet	0
Mr J St J Graham's b a e Jungli	0
H E Rear-Admiral George Atkinson-Willes's g a g Joker	0
Capt Foljambe's ch a e Ruby	0
Capt Foljambe's ch a e Loved One	0
Mr W Orr Peterson's wh a e Tamoose	0
Mr D N Graham's g a g Dawn	0
Mr D N Graham's b a e Johad	0
Capt J H M Davie's g a e Tidal Wave	0
Capt Price and Capt Davie's ch c-b m Moselle	0
Mr T D Moore's g a e Akbar Khan	0
Mr T D Moore's g a e Grey Ghost	0
Mr R J Tata's ch a e Great Scot	0

a Light weights b Heavy weights

N.B.—This class was divided by the Judges into two classes—Light Weights and Heavy Wieghts. Light Weights were judged first; then Heavy Weights immediately afterwards.

Class 4.—English and Colonial Horses belonging to the Bombay Cavalry H. E the Governor's Body Guard and Mounted Police. Judges: Col. P K Beaver and Lieut.-Col. J W Morgan, A V D.

Body Guard's b w g No 58	1
Body Guard's b w g No 24	2
Body Guard's b w m No 27	3
Body Guard's b w g No 49	0
Body Guard's b w g No 2	0
Body Guard's b w m No 30	0
Body Guard's b w g No 55	0
Body Guard's b w g No 26	0
Body Guard's b w g No. 25	0

Class 3.—Chargers of Volunteer Officers and Light Horse. Judges: Col. P K Beaver, and Lieut-Col. J W Morgan, A V D.

Lieut F A Reddie's b w m Ladysmith	1
Mr T L Roberts's b w g Chortler	2
Mr D A Shanks's b w g Moidart	3
Mr F Clare's ch w g Tommy	0
Mr F A H Eust's b w m Lady Molly	0
Mr A Tosh's ch w g Rajah	0
Mr T C Walcroft's br w m Brown Eyes	0
Mr W Brodie-Bogue's ch w g Snowdon	0

Class 1.—Chargers English and Colonial. Judges: Col. P K Beaver, and Lieut-Col A W Morgan, A V D.

Major F M Edwards's br Eug m Zante	1
Mr F A Reddie's b w m Ladysmith	2
Major Wagon Browne's b w g Domino	3
Major-General G Richardson's br w m Bixbee	0
Mr W H Anderson's b w g Maxim	0
Capt C F Bishop's br w m Bamboo	0
Mr F A Reddie's br w m Guess	0
Rassaldar Bhagwansigh's b w g Rufus	0
Rassaldar Kassamali Khan's b w g Spirit	0
Capt W Jennings' b w g Trigger	0

Class 17.—Polo Ponies, other than Arab and Country-bred. Judges: Mr F A Prevost and Lieut-Col Cookson.

Major F M Edwards' b e m Lady Grace	1
Major Wogan Browne's b w m Columbine	2
Mr J S Bruce's b w m Sarah	0
Mr D N Graham's ch e m Lady Lovelace	0
Capt Hopwood's be w m Little Mary	0
Mr E Watson's g w m Sally	0
Mr K D Wadia's ch w m Kitty	0

Special Prize for Best Polo Pony in Show.—Judges: Mr. F. A. Prevost, and Lt. Col. Cookson, Major F M Edwards' br c m Lady Grace 0

Class 13.—Ladies Horses, Arabs and Country-bred. Judges:—Col P K Beaver and Lt.-Col J W Morgan, A V D.

Mr J St J Graham's g a e Grey Leg	1
Major-Genl Richardson's g a g Waterfelto	2
Mr T D Moore's g a e Akbar Khan's	3
Mr P J Calvocoressi's ch a e Rufus'	0
Mr E S Deane's b e b g Regent	0
Mrs Northern's g a g Pierrot	0
H E Rear-Admiral G L Atkinson-Willes b a e Viceroy	0
Mr D N Graham's gr a g Petrel	0
Capt J H M Davie's g a e Tidal Wave	0

Class 7—English and Colonial Hunters 14-2 and under. Judges; Lt-Col Broome and Lt-Col Cookson.

Mr H R Dunk's bl w g Ajax	1
Mrs Prier de Saone's br w m winnal	2
Mr R F Anderson's br w m Freda II	3
Mrs Prier de Saone's br w m Susan	0
Mr J S Bruce's b w g Dandrail	0
Mr J S Bruce's b w w Sarah	0
Mr A Gale's b w g Royal Tar	0
Mrs H Stanber's b w g King	0
Mr W E Crum's bl w g Raven	0
Mr E G Montgomery's gr w g Kangaroo	0
Aga Shumshudin Shah's b w g Dandy	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr D N Graham's ch e m Lady Love Lace	0
Major Wogan Browne's b w m Columbine	0
Mr T L Roberts' b w g Chortler	0
Mr R Wallace b w m Blazes	0
Mr C G Stileman b w g Lux	0
Mr C Bleach b e m Lady Cheltenham	0
Mr C Bleach b w m Mistry	0

Class 14.—Ladies' horses—Other Classes than Arab and Country-bred over 14-2. Judges:—Col Beaver and Lt-Col Morgan, A V D.

Major-Genl G Richardson's br w m Bixbee	1
Mr F A Reddie's br w m Gues	2
Lady Jenkins's b w g Hoaxer	3
Mrs B Deane's b w g Rookwood	0
Mr W H Anderson's b w g Maxim	0
Mrs Osborne's b w m Rebecca	0
Capt Northern's br w m Maggaie	0
Mr F A H East's b w m Lady Molly	0
Mrs H Stauber's b w g Prince	0
Capt J L Meyer's bl w m Margharita	0
Mr F A Reddie's b w m Ladysmith	0
Col F W Trevor's b w m Topper	0
Major F M Edwards' D S O. br e m Zante	0
Mrs G F Stevens' br w g Clipper	0
Lt-Col G H Bull's ch w g Superbus	0
Lt-Col G H Bull's ch w m Bullion	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Aga Sumshudin Shah's b w g Dandy	0
Mrs W Lovett-Cameron's dk-ch w m Jess	0

Class 34.—Jumping Competition.—For Ponies 14-2 and under. Judges:—Mr F A Prevost, Lt-Col Brooms, Col Beaver and Lt-Col Morgan, A V D.

Mrs R F Anderson's br w m Freda II	1
Mr P J Calvocoressi's ch a e Rufus	0
Mrs Northern's g a g Pierrot	0
Mr E B Mansell's br w g Rifle	0
Capt Foljambe's br w m The Fawn	0
Mr W E Crum's bl w g Raven	0
Mr W E Crum's bl w g Jackdaw	0
Mr D N Graham's g a g Dawn	0
Mr D N Graham's b w g Flash Light	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr F J Rome's dun w m Mischief	0
Mr K D Wadia's b a g Tally Ho	0
Mr K D Wadia's ch w g Ping Pong	0
Mr F H Greig's b w g Rajah	0
Mrs Beattie's b c b m Vigilance	0
Mr C Bleach's b e m Lady Cheltenham	0
Mr C Bleach's bl w m Mistry	0

Class 21.—Harness Horses—Other Classes than Arabs and Country-bred over 14-2 in Single Harness. Judges:—Lt-Col Broome and Lt-Col Cookson.

Lady Milbanke's ch e g Belgard	1
Mr Anandjee Nanjee's b e g Rodney Stone	2
Mr G Prier de Saone's b w g Fritz	0
Mr Anandjee Nanjee's br e m Modesty	0
Mrs Osborne's b w m Rebecca	0
Mr J Gazdar's bl w g Abundance	0
Capt J L Meyer's R E. ch w g Macaroni	0
Mr Sulieman Abdul Wahed's ch w g Hughie	0
Lt-Col J Brodie-Mills's I C V D, b w g Bruce	0
Mr T C Naples'	0

Class 20.—Harness Horses, Arabs and Country-breds (Horse or Pony) in Single Harness. Judges:—Lt-Col Broome and Lt-Col Cookson.

Kumar Shri Vijaysinhjee of Palitana's g ch m Macaroni	1
Mr K D Wadia's b a e Nero	2
P J Calvocoressi ch a e Rufus	0
Mr J St J Graham's g a e Grey Leg	0
Mr Mathuradas Goculdas's ch ch m La Ballif	0
Mr D L Khimjee's b a g Over Norton	0
Mr Sulieman Abdul Wahed's ch a e Isinglass	0
Mr W Orr Paterson's w a e Tamoose	0
Mr J C G Bowen's b a e	0
Mr A Khandwani's w ch g Shah	0
Mr K D Wadia's b a e Malta	0
Mr T B Mahomed's wh a e Malta	0
Mr T B Mahomed's bl a e Malta	0
Mr Sulieman Abdul Wahed's ch a e Amani	0
Mr C Bleach's b a g Gay Lad	0

Class 27.—Tandems. Judges:—Lieut-Col Morgan A V D and Mr F A Prevost.

Mrs H Stauber's b w g King's and b w g Prince	1
Mr G Currimbhoy, b w m Fifi and b w g Rover	2
Mrs Prier de Saone, br w m Winnal and br w m Susan	0
Mr Anandjee Nanjee, bl w gold Negro and bl w m's Negress	0
Mr F N Furdonjis', b w g Yes and b w g No	0
Mr K D Wadia's, b a e Nero and b a e Malta	0

Class 28.—Best Complete Turnout. Judges:—Lt-Col J W Morgan, A V D and Mr F A Prevost.

Mr Anandjee Nanjee's	1
Mr Fazulbhoy C Ebrahim's	2
Mr J A [illegible]'s	0
Mr Anandjee Nanjee's	0
Mr R S Powvalla's	0
Mr G Currimbhoy's	0
Mr M W Ebrahim's	0
Capt J L Meyer, R E's	0
Kumar Shri Vijaysinhji of Palitana's	0
Mr Sulieman Abdul Wahed's	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr Charandas Chaterbhuj's	0
Mr A F Fergusson's	0
Mr J C G Bowen's	0
Mr Jamnadas Dwarkadas Dharamsey's	0
Mr K D Wadia's	0

Class 22.—Other Classes than Arabs and Country-bred 14-2 and under in single harness. Judges: Lieut.-Col J W Morgan, A V D, and Lieut-Col Broome.

Mr R S Powvalla's b w m Pallas	1
Mrs H Stauber's b w g King	2
Mr J Gazdar's br e m Dolly Varden	3
Mrs Prier de Saone's br w m Susan	0
Mrs Prier de Saone's br w m Winnal	0
Mr G Currimbhoy's b w m Fifi	0
Mr A F Furgusson's bl w m Mascotte	0
Major F M Edwards' br e m Lady Grace	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr T C Naples'	0
Mr Chanrandas Chaterbhooj's ch g Victor	0
Mr F N Fundonji' br w m Doris	0
Mr R S Powvala' b w m Pamela	0
Miss Nathan's g w g Romulus	0
Mr K D Wadia's bl w g Nigger	0
Mr P D Lamas's bl w m Pretty Polly	0
Mr R Wallace's b w g Heather	0

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT SOUDAN.

THE hired transport steamer Soudan, Captain S. de B. Lockyer, arrived in harbour, yesterday, from Southampton which port she left on the 28th January, calling at Malta, Port Said and Suez en route. She brought drafts for various regiments consisting of 52 officers, 10 ladies, 6 children, 18 warrant officers, 17 women and 13 children, 1,135 non-commissioned officers and men, 48 women and 49 children.

The following are the names of the officers :—

Lt Col M J Jackson 1st Devon Regt
Lt Col and Mrs J D T Reckitt, R A M C
Major and Mrs G H Ford
Hutchinson, D S O 2nd Goan Rangers
Capt and Mrs L S Slater and 2 children 1st R Sussex
Lieut J H S Batten, 1st Lpool Regt
Lieut and Mrs S A B Hooper 1st Cheshire Regt
Lieut E S Gibbons, 1st Middlesex Regt
Lieut W F G Willis 1st Dorset Regt
Lt Col A B Dunsterville Indian Army
Lt Col and Mrs R E Anderson, R E
Major and Mrs H B Rowan, and 2 children, R A M C
Major and Mrs Henry, R A
Major and child S and T Corps
Major W D Sellar, King's Own S Borderers
Major R J Brierley, 1st Manchester Regt
Capt and Mrs C H Hopkins and child R A M C
Capt F M S Howard, 1st York Regt
Capt J H Brumeki West R A M C
Lieut and Mrs C K Cox, Indian Army
Lieut G D Martin, West York Regt
Lieut J C Craster
Lieut and Mrs R M Carter, Indian Army
Lieut T J Wright, R A M C
Lieut A L Otway, R A M C
Lieut R D Macgregor, Indian Army
Lieut J H McCadden, Indian Army
Lieut C P Martin, 1st R Warwick Regt
Lieut J B Hopkins, King's Own S Borders
Lieut E Hesketh, 9th Lancers
Lieut F D Brickman, 2nd Royal Scots
Lieut H G Blockley, Indian Army
Lieut Hon O E Vesey, 9th Lancers
Lieut W V Holt, R A
Lieut G N L Cousens 1st Dragoons
Lieut J S North Bomford 1st R Fusiliers
Lieut N Shepheard, 1st Essex Regt
Lieut J D Thicle, 2nd Royal Fusiliers
Lieut H Barton 1st E York Regt
Lieut C N Gardner, 1st Lincoln Regt
Lieut A M Cuthill, 2nd Suffolk Regt
Lieut P R Wise, Wiltshire Regt
Lieut P T J Smythe, Indian Army
Rev S A Ley, M A C of E Chaplain
Rev T B Scammell, D D R C Chaplain
Capt and Mrs C Smith, P W D
Capt [illegible]n Dept
Miss Pal[illegible]shaw
Miss Lang[illegible]sex Regt

FROM MALTA—Lieut A G N Wood [illegible].

FROM SUEZ—Capt Crozier Rt

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

R. E. Postings :—Major H. C. Swayne is appointed Commanding Royal Engineer, Secunderabad district.

Lieutenant J. A. Mcernery is transferred from the Submarine Mining Company to the Military Works Services, Northern Command.

On arrival in India, Captain A. H. Crozier is posted to the Military Works Services, Northern Command, and Lieutenant H. W. E. Forsyth to the Eastern Command.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

AN IMPOSING SPECTACLE.

ADDRESS BY THE VICE-CHANCELLOR.

LAST evening the annual Convocation of the Bombay University was held in the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall of the University, when the Rev. Dr. Mackichan, Vice-Chancellor, presided. A large number of European and Native ladies and gentlemen occupied the body of the hall, while the galleries overhead were well filled by graduates, students, and others,—the whole presenting a unique and interesting spectacle. At 5-15 p. m., the procession of the Vice-Chancellor and Fellows, who robed themselves in the University Library, entered the hall, when all present rose and remained standing until the Vice-Chancellor had taken his seat. The procession advanced, headed by Mr. M. B. Pundit, the Assistant Registrar, till it reached the steps of the dais, where it halted and formed a double line (each pair of Fellows separating to the right and the left), through which the Vice-Chancellor advanced to his seat, followed by the University officers and other Fellows in the order of precedence. The Fellows saluted the Vice-Chancellor as he passed them, and remained in their places until the pair immediately senior to them had passed on. Thereupon the Fellows took their seats to the right and left behind the Syndics and in the front of the Vice-Chancellor's seat. The order of precedence was that, after the junior Fellows came the members of the Legislative Council, the Judges of the High Court, then came the University officers; the Registrar; the Syndics in Civil Engineering; the Syndics in Medicine; Syndics in Law; the Syndics in Arts; and the Vice-Chancellor. The order of the procession was as follows; and the retiring procession observed the same order reversed;—

THE PROCESSION.

FELLOWS.

Mr Jaffer Rahimtoola	Shams-ul-Ulma J J Modi
Dr C D Saraiya	Rao Bahadur G N Nadkarni
Mr M Visvesvaraya	Mr P N Wadia
Dr R Row	Mr Tribhovandas M Nathubhai
Professor Coverton	Professor H M Bhadkamker
Professor T J Desai	Mr M D Kanga
Mr L A Shah	Mr Kalabhai Lallubhai
Professor D F Mulla	Mr Kaliandas Keshavdas
Dr Sorab Nariman	Mr P B Joshi
Dr G B Kher	Mr J E Davar
Mrs J Anderson	Mr J M Antia
Mr K Subramani Aiyar	Mirza Hussein Khan
Mr P G Messent	Dr Edalji Noshirvanji
Dr B E Ghasvala	Shaikh Faizullabhai
Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy	Mulla
Dr K E Dadachanji	Mr V N Nene
Dr N F Surveyor	Shams-ul Ulma Dastur D P Sanjana
Mr James MacDonald	Mr Joseph Ezekial
Major H Herbert	Mr F R Vicaji
Major C A L Meyers	Dr Shantaram Vithal
The Rev R MacOmish	
Dr D A DeMonte	
Mr R D Sethna	
The Rev R Scott	

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The Honourable Khan Bahadur D. R. Chichgar
The Honourable Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola

JUDGE OF THE HIGH COURT.

The Honourable Mr. Justice Badruddin Tyabji.

UNIVERSITY OFFICERS,

REGISTRAR.

Professor F. M. Dastur.

SUNDICS.

Khan Bahadur Murzban,
Lieutenant-Colonel. Dinmock
Dr. Temuji Nariman
Principal G. S. Rao
The Honourable Mr. Justice Chandavarkar.
Professor W. H. Sharp.
The Rev. Father Dreckmann,
Principal M. Macmillan.
The Honourable Mr. Giles.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR

The Rev. Dr. Mackichan.

The Vice-Chancellor and Fellows having taken their seats, there followed on behalf of candidates for a degree the supplication for the passing of a grace by the Senate for their admission to the degree; the presentation to the Vice-Chancellor; and their admission to the degree by him. The Registrar, Professor Furdoonjee M. Dastur, then made a declaration of the degrees conferred. Next came the presentation of the Kinloch Forks Gold medal, the James Berkley Gold medal, the Chancellor's medal, the Gubden Club medal, the Queen Empress Silver medal, the Bai Hirabai Pestonjee H. Cama Gold medal, and the J. C. Lisboa Gold medal.

THE REPORT.

The Registrar then submitted the report of the proceedings of the University during the year.

THE VICE-CHANCELLOR'S ADDRESS.

The Vice-Chancellor in addressing the Senate, said:—Gentlemen of the Senate:—In rising to address you at the close of this Convocation, I have, first of all to express the regret which we all feel at the unavoidable absence of the Chancellor on this occasion. His Excellency's absence from the Presidency has prevented him from presiding over this, the first Convocation of the newly constituted Senate, but we all recall the words of encouragement and weighty counsel which his Excellency addressed to us at last year's Convocation, in view of the new stage in our University history on which we have now definitely entered.

EVENTS OF PAST YEAR.

In reviewing the events of the past academic year, I adhere to an established practice in this University and begin with a reference to the losses which the University has sustained in the removal by death or by retirement from India, of members of the Senate, who were long associated with us in the work and councils of the University. The roll which is unusually heavy, contains a number of names conspicuous in various walks of life. Mr. Kavasji Edulji Kanga Principal of the Mullafiroze Madresa, was one of the most distinguished Avesta scholars, which this Presidency has produced. His dictionary and other published work added to the reputation which he deservedly enjoyed by reason of his labours in the Institution over which he so ably presided. In Mr. K. N. Kabraji's widely lamented death, Bombay has lost one of the ornaments of Indian journalism, a public spirited citizen and a true friend of social reform. A man of strong convictions and of conspicuous courage, his removal from us is mourned not only in his own community but by the enlightened public of this Presidency. Mr Gungadhar A. Bhat, B. A. L. C. E and Rao Bahadur V. B Kanitkar were both eminent in the profession of engineering to which they belonged and stood before the community as examples of the capacity of men trained in India to occupy high and responsible professional position. Dr Burjorji Framji Lally was one of that class now rapidly disappearing, the old Graduates of the Grant Medical College, and like many of that class rendered good service to the medical profession. Two distinguished members of this profession belonging to the later school of Medical graduates of the University have also passed away during the year, Dr. Tribhovandas Shah and Dr. R. N. Khory. Both were specialists, the former in a branch of Surgery in which he won wide fame, the latter as an eminent Gynæcologist. Dr. Khory had also recently, in collaboration with Dr. Katrak, published an important work on Materia Medica. In all University movements he took a most active part and among his most recent efforts on behalf of medical students, will be remembered the part which he took as Dean in Medecine in the movement to introduce the M. B. degree. This movement has not yet achieved its full result, but it is destined to be crowned, I hope with success in the very near future.

THE LATE MR. J. N. TATA.

The death of Mr. J. N. Tata, has removed from us a gentleman who stood in a class by himself. Apart altogether from his unrivalled success in the fields of commerce and industry and the magnificence of his plans for the endowment of research, Mr. Tata deserves to be remembered with gratitude in this University and specially by many of its distinguished graduates in connection with the scheme which he devised and financed so liberally for sending promising students to Europe for the futher prosecution of their studies. We have had many evidences of the fruitfulness of the scheme, and I think this University which has its own endowments for a like purpose, may learn from this private enterprise many much needed lessons with regard to the method in which such schemes should be worked. I purposely refrain from enlarging on Mr. Tata's scheme for the promotion of scientific research. It has been so often referred to both in India and out of India that I need say nothing beyond this that the project has not died with its author in that when the conditions considered necessary for the starting of the scheme have been realized, effect will be given to Mr. Tata's generous intentions. His great gift has been set apart for the promotion of advanced education and whatever be the fate of the scheme that has been so long before the public of India, the gift itself is assured. I cannot pass from this reference to Mr. Tata without paying a tribute to the personal character of one whose great wordly success did not minister to worldliness, but left untouched the original simplicity of a humble and sympathetic nature. By retirement from India, the Senate has lost from its roll of members, the Hon. Mr. Crowe, the Hon. Mr. Whitworth, Mr. R. S. Brown, Mr. T. S. Tate of Baroda, while Rao Bahadur Khanderao C. Bedarkar has resigned. Of these Mr. Tate was most directly connected with the active work of the University, as one of its most experienced teachers and examiners. In his own College he was a great educational force and in maintaining the standard of mathematical education in the University, he rendered long and valuable service.

BENEFACTIONS.

The number of benefactions that falls to be recorded is not so large as in some years of our history. A sum of Rs. 10,000 has been offered for the foundation of a scholarship to bear the name of the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, a member of the Senate. This benefaction is noticeable as the first under the new rule which has fixed this sum as the minimum of a scholarship endowment in the University. It is well known that the University is rich in such scholarship endowments, and I should like to take this opportunity of emphasizing what the Chancellor said in his Convocation address last year on the subject of gifts to the University. The real needs of the University are to be seen in other directions and I may say that sums greater and less than Rs. 10,000, specially greater, will be gratefully received by the University to commemorate the donors or their friends for the equipment of the University itself with all the means of advanced teaching with libraries, laboratories, and with lecturers and professors. I shall not repeat what I said, two years ago, on this subject. The appeal I then made is still before the friends of hig

in Great Britain, except the great Cavendish Laboratory in Cambridge; while Montreal invited students of Great Britain to come to its University for post-graduate courses in Mining Engineering, a department in which it claimed to possess an equipment which no British University could boast. This had been made possible through the munificent gift of a citizen of Montreal, Sir William MacDonald, who had bestowed a gift of £700,000 on the University of his city. This University has further the audacity to hold a Matriculation Examination in London for the convenience of the students whom it attracts away from Great Britain. I mention these things, not in order to suggest that this University should at once begin to imitate this daring, or attempt such lofty flights but in order, if possible, to arouse amongst us some generous aspirations after something better than that condition in which we have too long acquiesced. I mention them also to suggest the direction in which prosperous men in this country can most advantageously lay out the wealth they have acquired. Seven lakhs of rupees, not to speak of pounds, would do great things for any Indian University and go far in raising the standard of University efficiency in this country. In this respect the history of British Universities is one long record of private munificence which has been so ample that the Government has not yet been able to acquire the habit of rightly estimating its own responsibility. And if we want a further example, let us look at the phenomenal growth of Universities in the United States. Into these Universities the wealth of the country is pouring, and there is no feature in the life of that great country that promises more for its future than its enthusiasm for academic education. Its Universities are working as a leaven, infusing into a nation, that enjoys unprecedented material success, those higher ideals of social and political life that minister to abiding vitality. I trust that, India, notwithstanding its general poverty, has yet a large command of wealth for purposes that appeal to its imagination, will listen to the appeal which its Universities now make to it through the claimant educational needs of the hour.

There can be no doubt that sound educationists in all advanced countries are now beginning to lay the chief stress not on examinations but on teaching and the means of teaching. A reaction from the excessive application of the examination process has set in, and we are returning in some measure to the mediæval idea. In those early days of the University history, men sought out the great teachers and these have been in all ages the real strength of the University. We in India have hitherto laid stress far too much on the examination, we are now asked to have a first regard to the teaching, and the college as an instrument of University instruction has had a new importance attached to it. In this connection the need of proper residences for students under the supervision of their colleges and has become an accepted truth in India and on the University has been laid the duty of giving effect to it so far as it may be practicable. This is an object which must specially appeal to the people of India, who have always abounded in works of benevolence analogous in nature to this.

FUNCTIONS OF COLLEGES.

But if coleges are to discharge their functions worthily, more than this is necessary. The University teacher must rise to the real sacredness of his high task. His work must not be regarded as simply that of an appointment that is valued according to the place it occupies relatively to the other services in India. His is a service which stands apart, which, when rightly entered becomes invested with all the sacredness and influence that are associated in the mind of India with the position of the Guru. As such, it is the position of permanent influence such as scarcely belongs to any other service, and the exercise of this influence is fraught with the most far reaching results. Great teachers are the real Universities, but if great teachers are to be found for India, the Universities must afford room for the exercise of their gifts. More examinations on subjects specially prepared for an examination is after all a poor test of education and culture, whatever function it may serve in relation to the bestowal of diplomas and other external University marks. Students must bear upon them the marks of a great teacher; the examination must never be permitted to overshadow the independence or originality of the professor. I esteem it the greatest privilege of my own University life to have been thus brought into contact with a great master who was yet conspicuously ignorant of the art of rapidly preparing students for a University examination. In this respect the student-world regarded him as a failure, yet as the most inspiring teacher and unrivalled master of his subject he was the peculiar glory of his University. Shall we not desire for India some teachers of this higher type and should we not see that our University future provides scope for such students creating men by advancing the standard and character of our University studies?

EARLIER DAYS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

I cannot help thinking as I look back upon our University history in Bombay that such ideals entered more largely into the academic spirit of this place in the older days of the University. We seem to see this both in the men who gathered in sympathetic co-operation around the University, and in the character and career of its earlier graduates. The University has great memories which it would be well to cherish and revive. If we feel richer in memories than in present attainments, our condition is in this respect not unlike that of many other great institutions of learning in the land. The pressure of modern life is so urgent that leisure and also inclination for intellectual pursuit is less conspicuous to-day than it was a generation ago. There is such a power to be reckoned with as the spirit of the age; the Zeitgeist is no unreal phantom, but an ever-present power, in forms part of every man's spiritual environment and if we are to be emancipated from those influences in the spirit of our time, that hinder time intellectual development, a powerful counter-action lies near us in the atmosphere of University life. I can recall the days in which leading men of culture in this city found an attractive sphere for their intellectual activities in the work of this University. We are distinctly poorer to-day through the diminution of this interest. And not we alone suffer. India is suffering through the change. Then the University was a great connecting link between East and West. In the calm region of this academic home, into which no disturbing influences from the outer world of conflict can fitly enter, a bond was formed between Indian and Briton which resulted in a mutual understanding and sympathy that has not been achieved in the same degree by any other association I devoutly desire to see a return to that earlier condition. It will be found, I am persuaded, to provide the fittest meeting ground for the various races that live side by side in this variegated community, for the commonwealth of intellect is one throughout the world. Speaking as a member of one of those communities,

OUR LIVES IN INDIA.

I would say that the main interest and the real usefulness of our lives in India is to be found in associating ourselves in community of interest with the people among whom we live. And there is no sphere in which this can be more happily accomplished by educated men than in that which is provided in the common work of the University. We want men fresh from the academic atmosphere of the most progressive countries to come amongst us in order to prevent us from sinking into a torpid contentment with our actual conditions, we want the breath of a new and fresh air upon our parched life in order that we also may live worthily of our age.

And to you who as graduates and students of this University must ever be its chief concern, I would say, seek to prove your title to rank as members of the commonwealth to which you have been admitted by the breadth of the judgment which you bring to bear on the movements of your time. From these it is no portion of the duty of educated men to hold aloof; but it is expected of them that they shall exercise in regard to them a judgment that shall be at once just and patriotic. May I be permitted to warn you against a tendency common to our humanity and from which during a long contact with you I have found that you are not exempt, tendency to form opinions and judgments rather as the result of a particular view or a particular experience than of a calm survey of the whole of a question.

A CREATIVE FACTORY.

Now, if you have at all profited by your academic discipline, you ought to have acquired something of a critical faculty, the power to look around the whole and to estimate rightly the significance of the part. Momentary feeling and impulse will be sure to lead you astray unless they are corrected by this habit of true criticism. If you neglect to cultivate this habit, your judgments will soon lose all weight with thoughtful men and your influence which might be helpful to your country's interests will count for little. I am glad to say that there is a great deal of such thoughtful criticism to be met with, but there is also much of the opposite kind. Individuals and policies are often criticised in a manner which suggests that a long course of action based on principle counts for little in the moment of a passing experience. We expect that in an emotional untrained mind, but not in men of broad culture whose mental sweep should be more comprehensive. Let me ask you to pause in all such cases to inquire whether a wider survey will not more than counteract the impressions of a particular disappointment. Train your memories to remember the good and be not over hasty in condemning as evil the present limited part which calls forth your opposition. I would urge you to cultivate this spirit especially in regard to all academic matters.

BLESSING OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

Do not imagine that there is or can be any change in the policy which has given to India the blessings of higher education. This is a policy on which Britain never will and never can go back but may she not go forward? I ask you all to judge of the meaning of our present position, not in the deceptive light of your groundless fears, but in the clear light of your knowledge of a past in relation to education of which British rule is not ashamed. Do not put into the intentions of your rulers thoughts which you may hear whispered even by irresponsible representatives of the British nation. For in every great community men will be found who do not reflect the mind of their nation. Look at the whole and not at the part merely, and believe that your heritage in respect of educational privilege is something that cannot be taken from you, but will grow richer with the growing years. If I did not believe this in my inmost heart, I should bid farewell to the hopes which have sustained me during the years of happy toil among you. And this leads me, in conclusion, to speak to you of that sense of hopefulness that should inspire every one who has breathed the refreshing breath of the age in which most of you youngmen lookout. Does it not inspire you with the conviction of the resistlessness of the onward march of knowledge? The India on which I look to-day is not the India upon which I first looked upon with fresh and hopeful eye nearly a generation ago. Each year has seemed to bring some little visible change, but a vast resultant change can be discerned to-day. Every man who has toiled amidst seeming discouragement feels refreshed by the wider hope that opens up before him as the years pass into decades, and the decades into a generation. The India of to-day is such a scene of hope to all who love this land and its people. On a still wider scale we see the same process at work. We, who were impressed by the wondrous scientific advances of the Victorian age, were, no doubt, often disposed to feel that we had reached the culmination of possible progress in many directions. But a new century opens and we find, as in a moment, all our fundamental conceptions of physical things shaken as by some great earthquake. The ultimate and unresolvable entities are analysed and dissolved by advancing knowledge, and the language of nineteenth century science suddenly becomes antiquated and obsolete. Such surprises have always been in store for the mind of man. Knowledge is, of all human things, the most surely progressive; it has within it the secret of a perpetual renewal. Young men, it is a great thing to live in such a time of widening thought and discovery, a greater thing to be able to participate intelligently in its expanding possessions and the greatest thing of all to know that behind all this changing and growing expanse, there is a realm of eternal and unchangeable truth and reality which can satisfy and fill the soul and which is ever present to the pure heart and life, to those who do justice and love mercy and walk humbly with their God?" (Applause.)

The Vice-Chancellor then dissolved the Convocation.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN A TEMPLE.

At the Bombay High Court, Appellate Side, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston have disposed of an application for revision made by Govind Pandharinath Sulokhe and Govind Krishna Tilak, who were convicted on 28th September last, by Mr. A. F. Maconachie, District Magistrate of Sholapur, of using criminal force to a policeman in the execution of his duty, and sentenced to twenty-one days' simple imprisonment each. Mr. Inverarity with Mr. M. B. Chaubal and Mr. N. V. Gokhale, appeared for the applicants. Rao Bahadur V. J. Kirtikar, Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

It appeared that there was a Municipal ward election held at Barsi on 25th July, and at the polling-station, which was in the Temple of Maruti, a Hindoo policeman was placed on duty. Party feelings ran high, and there were squabbles between the rival factions. In one of the altercations, the applicants came into collision with the policeman. The first man seized the policeman by the arm and thrust him forth violently from the temple. Tilak, the second man, advanced towards him with clenched fist, in a threatening attitude, as though he wanted to strike him.

The Magistrate said that making allowance for hasty temper, and for an overweening sense of exaggerated importance that prevailed in local Municipal politics at the time, he should pass on each a sentence of twenty-one days' simple imprisonment.

Upon hearing arguments of counsel, the Judges came to the conclusion that the sentence was most excessive, and wholly disproportionate to the offence, which was only of a technical character, and committed under the excitement that prevailed at the time. The conviction was upheld, but the sentence was altered. The first accused was fined five rupees, and the second one rupees.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ALLEGED FORGERY OF SECURITIES.

At the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, the trial of Ramrao Anandrao Kirtikar for forging endorsements on Government promissory notes, was continued before the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor and a common jury. Mr. Binning instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Chunilal H. Setalvad defended the accused, Mr. Rustom Wadia held a "watching brief" on behalf of Narayen Anandrao Wagle, an accomplice of the accused, who had received a pardon and turned King's evidence upon that condition. The case has been reported.

The evidence for the prosecution having been closed, Mr. Binning addressed the jury, and showed how link by link the witnesses had rivetted the chain of evidence. The chief witness was Wagle, who was no doubt an accomplice, but whose evidence was materially corroborated by substantial and independent testimony of other witness.

Counsel for the defence urged that whatever the accused had done, he had done in perfect good faith, and without the object of benefitting himself by the transactions. When Wagle saw that the game was up, he turned round on his friend and gave him away.

In summing-up the case to the jury, the Judge said that the case was entirely one of facts, of which the jury were the proper judges. No doubt, the undeniable disability of an accomplice attached to the statements of Wagle, notwithstanding which, it was the duty of the jury to see whether those statements were corroborated, or whether the story told by him was natural and probable, and whether it explained facts in a reasonable manner.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty on three charges of abetment of forgery, and on three of using as genuine forged documents. Accused was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

The Court then adjourned till 10-30 this morning.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, in their offices, Esplanade Road, Fort, Mr. W. L. Harvey being in the Chair. There were present: Major-General Creagh, the Hon. Mr. W. C. Hughes, Mr. E. Gray, Mr. T. W. Cuffe, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Mr. Sassoon J. David, Mr. Dinshaw E. Wacha, Mr. J. S. Brown, Mr. C. H. B. Forbes, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey and Mr. W. N. Shilstone, Secretary.

COLABA RECLAMATION.

In accordance with a notice of motion, Mr. T. W. Cuffe moved: "That the attention of the Chairman be drawn to the width of the proposed footpath on the newly reclaimed land at Colaba, and that having regard to the possibility of its becoming a very popular promenade, the Chairman be requested to report as to the practicability of widening the footpath."

The motion was adopted.

After transacting some other business with regard to the acquisition of property, the Board adjourned.

THE Demerara "Argosy" summarises an account given by Professor Harrison of the experimental cultivation of rice, the general results of which have been both interesting and encouraging. It may be recalled that the Board of Agriculture of British Guiana first decided to conduct these experiments at the close of 1902. Twenty-five varieties of rice, fifteen of which were ordinary paddy and ten hill paddy were imported from Ceylon. The former grew very well, and steps have been taken to extend the cultivation. Sufficient data is now available to form an accurate opinion as to the yields of the different kinds. After considerable difficulty a few grains of each of eight varieties were successfully grown, and from these a fairly large quantity has gradually been obtained. The board have arranged, as soon as possible to distribute the most promising of both varieties among persons interested in the cultivation.

FLORILINE—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33, Farrington Road, London, England.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Some Picture Exhibitions.

MR. SUTRO'S NEW PLAY.

THE GERMAN DRAMA.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

VERY few new picture shows opened on Monday, the most important being Mr. Reginald Jones's water-colours, "From Spain and Elsewhere," at the Dore Gallery. He has filled the large room with a number of works, which prove the versatility of his talent, and he has made a feature of some very artistically carved frames. The largest and most important of these pictures are his "Sunset Glow on Pine-trees at Bournemouth" honourably mentioned at the Paris Salon in 1904; and his Oberalp at the Andermatt, a stormy scene in Switzerland. He has painted several beautiful autumnal studies in the New Forest, with russet foliage, white-stemmed birches, and still pools reflecting the sky. Many of the grey effects of trees seen through silvery mist by which he is so well known, may be found on these walls, but he is also showing some very powerful studies of English scenery, painted up to full strength, and others no less forcible, taken in France and Spain. Beginning at Avranches, Honfleur, and Concarneau, he has recorded crowded market scenes, and groups of boats with the strange pale blue sails affected by Breton fishermen—thence passing by Toulouse and Carcassonne with its famous fortifications, he has halted at Barcelona and Gerona, which last named town has been painted by scores of artists of all nationalities. Mr. Reginald Jones gives a very striking general view of the old houses grouped round the large church with its quaint tower, standing on a bare plateau above the river, while storm clouds gather in the distance. One of the prettiest small sketches is that of a boat at Barcelona laden with melons.

At the Brook-street Art Gallery four portraits of political celebrities—Lord Salisbury, Lord Beaconsfield, Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain—drawn in pastel by Mr. Herbert Clark, are less worthy of attention than a fine Gainsborough of the Earl of Sandwich, a portrait by Mirevelt, a small moonlight by Van der Meer, and examples by Vincent, Nasmyth, and Wheatley. Messrs. Obach are about to open a collection of flower studies by Fantin Latour. They are showing at present two very characteristic Monticellis—a garden scene, and a fanciful Indian picture, with elephants trumpeting on a hillside; also a large group of peasants washing linen on the seashore, by Pierre Billet, some still life by Vollon, and good specimens of Thaulow's and Priestley's work. Other shows that will open next week are oil sketches at Messrs. Dowdeswell's by Mr. Oliver Hall, whose work is always inspired by the best traditions of the Norwich School, with its luminous skies, infinite distance, and carefully defined foregrounds. At the Carfax Gallery, Mr. Walter Crane will show his sketches of Normandy and Sicily. Miss Ginsburg's Pastel Portraits will be on view at the Social Bureau, and Mr. Baillie will have a selection of work by three young artists, which is sure to be original and interesting.

The retirement of Sir Edward Poynter after two terms of directorship of the National Gallery is being taken advantage of in art circles to raise the whole question of the future of that institution. Amator Artium in the "Times" voices the opinion of an influential section when he says that the director of the National Gallery has not a sufficiently free hand, and declares that the rule requiring unanimity amongst all the trustees before a picture can be purchased is the most fatuous rule that has ever been made even by a Government Department. Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, R.A., in an interview pointed out in the first place that Sir Edward Poynter's second term of office expired on the last day of the old year, and the Government, he contended, ought to have been ready with a successor. It may, as suggested, Sir Lawrence said, be bad that there must be unanimity amongst the trustees before a purchase can be made, but it must be infinitely worse if the trustees have not expert adviser. One of the greatest institutions of the fine arts of which the country is justly proud has been without a director for nearly a month. "I hesitate when changes are proposed in the internal arrangements of the National Gallery. I look at accomplished facts. I recall that in 1825 there was no National Gallery. I reflect that in three-quarters of a century a gallery has been built up second to none anywhere, and I am loth to interfere with the system by which it has been made possible. That one trustee should be able to veto a purchase which all his colleagues approve may be wrong. It may be wrong because the trustee may be a faddist. But on the other hand it may be right. The arrangement certainly errs on the side of caution."

It is suggested by the advocates of reform that the nation has lost pictures which it would have been desirable to have included in the national collection because the director has not had a free hand!—We have lost one or two good works. Bode, of the Berlin National Art Gallery, happened to go to Christie's and he bought that valuable picture "Matzu" for £5. I don't think, however, that the freedom of the director of the National Gallery is as much restricted as has been suggested. He is sent over to buy pictures in Italy and Spain. The trustees cannot know what the pictures are, and they would not refuse to sanction their purchase after the works had been bought, so that the director must have free scope in many ways. What do you think of the proposal to separate the Tate Gallery from the National Gallery?—I quite agree that the two should not be under the same management. To provide works for a modern gallery is quite another matter from buying old pictures. There should be a different body of trustees for each gallery. Is it possible or desirable for either gallery to be brought under the management of the Royal Academy?—It is not, in my opinion, at all desirable. If, I may say so, the galleries ought to be above any art institution. The Royal Academy is art-producing, whereas the museums are art-collecting. Is any change at all desirable in connection with the trustees of the National Gallery?—I certainly think that some attempt should be made to include amongst the trustees representatives of art. They are included in the management of the British museum, and I fail to see why they are left out in the appointment of the trustee of the National Gallery. The post of trustee is honorary. None of the present trustees need be displaced, but when one falls out the position ought to be offered to a representative of art. I think that Sir Edward Poynter should be made a trustee.

Mr. Alfred Sutro has scored another success in another tilt, though a tiny one this time, at the walls of Jericho. "A Maker of Men," his new one-act play, produced at the St. James's Theatre, though hardly a play, or even a playlet, is an admirable little piece of work, and it was received with warmest approval. "A Maker of Men" is really a simple little sermon with a stage setting. The text is from the gospel of Content and the moral is of the compensations of domesticity. The plot is of the slightest. Cuthbert Farringdon, a bank clerk, is, at the age of forty-two, in receipt of the very modest salary of three hundred a year. A place as assistent-manager worth six hundred falls vacant, and he has high hopes of obtaining it. The scene opens on Cuthbert and his wife in their pretty little home planning what great things they will do on the princely income of twelve pounds a week. No more dressmaking and drudgery for his wife: no more saving and skimping. At last she will have all she deserves and take her rightful place alongside her sisters who have married better. But when the tardy postman arrives he brings disappointment, and Cuthbert is plunged into a terrible deep of despair. He laments not for himself but for his wife, now doomed for ever to drudgery. And this is where the walls begin to shake. Mrs. Farringdon comforts her husband and preaches Mr. Sutro's little sermonin a way that really touches the emotions. She has no desire for society and scandal, she is more than content with her husband and her children, and paints a delightful picture of the real happiness of home-keeping hearts. It is a sweet, sympathetic little domestic drama, and puts the audience in quite the proper frame of mind for the more subtle scenes of "Lady Windermere's Fan" which follows in the programme. Miss Edyth Olive was delightful as the womanly wife, and Mr. W. Grahame Brown, as Cuthbert Farringdon, was quite admirable. Lady Windermere's Fan is every bit as popular as ever. There are two new comers in the comedy, Mr. Eric Lewis replaces Mr. Sydney Brough as Lord Augustus Lorton, and Mr. Robert Horton does duty for Mr. Vane Tempest.

It is the fashion to look with respect to the plays of Gerhart Hauptmann, the reason for this being that he treats almost invariably of the saddest of subjects, and that his treatment of them is so far good that one realises they are studies from life. Still, bits of life, however cleverly and realistically reproduced, do not necessarily make a play or a work of art. In Rose Bernd, the play by Gerhart Hauptmann, produced at the Great Queen-street Theatre last night, this was more glaringly apparent than ever before, though most of the plays by this author suffer from this same fault of being photographically realistic, yet withal wanting in the essence of work for the stage, i.e., the clash of will or of interests between two or more people with both of whom one is able more or less to sympathise. Rose Bernd is a fine, strong, lusty young peasant woman, servant to a well to-do couple, of whom the husband (Cristoph Flamm) is full of life and love for Rose, while Frau Flamm, the wife, has been a crippled invalid for nine years. Herr Flamm insists on making love to Rose, explaining that he would marry her if only his wife would die. At the end of one of their love scenes in the fields one Sunday morning, one Streckmann, a neighbour, a labourer, and also an admirer of the girl's, catches them, and when the girl is left alone by Flamam's retiring, Streckmann threatens her with what he knows, but refuses to take her offered savings as a bribe, as he really wants to make love to her, though she is betrothed to one religious August Keil, who now comes from church with her father and sister. In the second act, we have Frau Flamm in her wheeled chair, and she, realising, with a woman's intuition, that there must be some reason for the girl's continued puting-off of the wedding with August Keil, work on Rose's feelings by talking of her own dead little child until the girl confesses her trouble to her mistress, but not the name of the man who has caused the trouble.

Up to now we have quite good drama, but the next act it fades into incoherence. There is a scene of love-making with Flamm, of recrimination with Streckmann, and a brawl, in which Streckmann damages one of August's eyes, and Rose ends the act by exclaiming: I got a doll at Christmas. But the play does not move during this act, except that the audience have gathered an inkling that Streckmann has used his power over the girl. In the fourth act again the play hardly moves, and when it does i.e., in the discovery by Herr Flamm that Rose is in trouble, and by Frau Flamm that her husband is the cause of that trouble it moves to no account. The wife says she will look after the girl, the man abuses her because he thinks he can throw the blame on Streckmann, and the girl runs out, exclaiming she has perjured herself because she was ashamed. She has allowed her father to start a lawsuit against Streckmann for having insulted her. All of this to lead up to a last act of sordid agony, when the woman, more or less in delirium after the physical crisis, tells her father her fiance, and an officer of the law that she has strangled her child. A painfully realistic study of a woman driven by mental and physical stress to commit a horrible crime, but in no sense a play and inasmuch as illness and physical stress is outside and sacred, not a work of art, though it had the merit of giving Fraulein Else Gademann, who played Rose a fine opportunity, of which she took full advantage, of giving a really fine performance of the tortured miserable woman. The rest of the company, including Hans Andresen and Hans Stock gave a remarkably well-knit performance.

THE NEWLY ELECTED. R. A.

MR. DAVID MURRAY, our newest Royal Academician, always paints his landscapes out of doors, and like others of his kind, suffers at times from the unwelcome attentions of the idler and the loafer. An artist who has painted big canvases on a London common is not easily daunted by the close proximity of the curious, yet Mr. Murray, who has worked for a whole summer on Hampstead Heath, was once, compelled by a North Country crowd to resort to a singular stratagem before he could finish a picture.

Four years ago, when Mr. Murray was painting on the banks of the Wharfe, near Bolton Abbey he was driven to despair by the crowds of Yorkshire trippers who swarmed round his easel. Rather than abandon his picture, however, the artist borrowed a pair of fishing boots, and fixing his easel some yards out in the shallow stream, painted away, industriously, day after day, standing knee-deep in water until the canvas, a six-footer, was finished. The picture thus painted, "The Scar, Bolton Abbey," was one of the most successful of those shown by Mr. Murray in the Academy of 1902.

THE value of farm products in 1904, says the Protectionist, is placed by the American Department of Agriculture at dols.4,900,000,000. The corn crop yields a farm value greater than ever before. The farmers could, from the proceeds of this single crop, pay the national debt, the interest thereon for one year, and still have enough left to pay a considerable portion of the Government's yearly expenses. The cotton crop comes next in value, while hay and wheat contend for third place. Potatoes and barley reached their highest production in 1904; save in 1902 the oat crop was never so large by 60,000,000 bushels. The present crop of rice promises a yield of 900,000,000 pounds—300,000,000 more than ever before. Horses and mules reach the highest point this year, with an aggregate value exceeding dols.1,354,000,000. The steady advance in poultry leads to some astonishing figures. The farmers' hens now produce one and two-third billion dozens of eggs and at the high average price of the year the hens during their busy season lay enough eggs in a single month to pay the year's interest on the national debt.

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WRITERS AND READERS.

Mr. Percy Fitzgerald is writing a life of Charles Dickens as revealed in his writings, and Messrs. Chatto announce it. Probably nobody now living has Mr. Fitzgerald's personal knowledge of Dickens.

Mr. Murray promises a new story by Mr. Horace Annesley Vachell, the author of "Brothers," which is still in demand at all libraries and booksellers. It is called "The Hill," title suggested, no doubt, by Harrow to which the volume refers. It is a kind of Harrow Tom Brown's Schooldays," and it will have illustrations from pen and ink drawings.

When Mr. George Gissing died many people said in agreement, that his sketches and studies, By the Ionian Sea," made one of his best books. Hitherto it has only been obtainable in an elaborate form with pictures, at 4 guinea, but now Messrs. Chapman propose to issue a cheaper edition. It will be very welcome, especially to those who preferred Gissing the optimist.

Mr. G. K. Chesterton has a volume, entitled "The Club of Queer Trades," appearing with Messrs. Harper, and it is thought to represent some of his best work. The club referred to is an eccentric and Bohemian one which has a single condition of membership. This is that the candidate must have invensed the method by which he earns his living—another case, apparently, of Many Inventions.

It will be remembered that the circumstances attending the death of Hawker, the parson-poet of Morwenstow, were somewhat sensational. On the evening before his death he was received into the Church of Rome, an event which led to a violent newspaper controversy. New light is thrown on the question by letters given in Mr. C. E. Byles's biography of Hawker, which Mr. Cane is now about to publish.

Those familiar with Carlyle's Frederick the Great will remember the eccentricities of that monarch's father and the curious characters who formed his Court circle. In The Red Cravat a historical novel which Messrs. Macmillan are about to publish the author Mr. A. T. Sheppard introduces some of those half forgotten figures of eighteenth-century Prussia. For instance, Frederick william I appears painted a little less favourably than in Carlyle's picture.

Two books which have a pathetic interest as well as literary promise are announced by Messrs Duckworth. One is the Collected Essays—edited by Lord Balcarres of the late Mr. S. Arthur Strong who was librarian to the House of Lords. The other is a volume called The Grey Brethren, which was left by the lady who wrote as Michael Fairless. It is in the spirit of her Roadmender a book that lasts having a soul.

Sir Archibald Geikie's next book may be looked for about the middle of the month. The leading essay in it deals with "landscape in history." Other papers are on landscape as it affects imagination, and the influence of landscape on literature. There are miscellaneous articles on such subjects as the origin of British scenery, "geological time," and the Roman Campagna. One of the personal essays is about Sir Archibald Geikie's eminent countryman, Hugh Miller.

A very interesting announcement is made by Messrs. Chatto and Windus. They are to issue, in their pocket-sized St. Martin's Library, allied editions of Macaulay's "History of England," and of Mr. Justin McCarthy's historical works. The "Macaulay" will be in five volumes, Mr. McCarthy's "Reign of Queen Anne" in one, his "History of the Four Georges and of William IV." in two, and his "History of Our Own Times" in three. Thus, in eleven daintily printed books, each in two forms, at 2s. and 3s. net, we shall have a continuous narrative of the history of England.

It seems that many years ago the late Lord Lytton suggested to Mr. Justin McCarthy that he should precede his "History of Our own Times" by volumes going far enough back to bring it into connection with Macaulay's "History of England." That was the first impulse which set Mr. McCarthy to a task that has occupied years of his life. He has written a general introduction to the coming volumes, which, by the way, are to appear monthly. Readers who cannot afford to pay large prices for books, will thus be able to get an excellent history of England in regular periodical instalments.

It is pleasant to hear that the new monthly "for Dickens lovers" has been very well received. This, however, was to be expected, for the success of the Dickens Fellowship has shown how wide and strong a hold the novelist has with English readers. They will find in the "Dickensian," which Mr. B. W. Matz edits on behalf of the Fellowship, a new portrait of Dickens. It shows him in a dress suit, the trousers of which have an inch-wide braid or trimming of silk, running down them. His instinct for the dramatic was apparent even in his clothes and his love of jewellery.

Robert Buchanan's literary quarrel with Rossetti is recalled by a sixpenny edition which Messrs. Chatto are about to publish. This is Buchanan's story, "God and the Man," which he dedicated in 1871 to an old enemy, and then, a year later, to the same old enemy by name, Dante Gabriel Rossetti. He wrote on the first occasion :—

I would have snatch'd a bay leaf from thy brow,
Wronging the chaplet on an honoured head;
In peace and tenderness I bring thee now
A lily-flower instead.

Shrines of British Saints, by Mr. J. C. Wall, is a work that is about to appear in Methuen's group of Antiquary's Books. It deals with a class of monument which, throughout the Middle Ages, was of magnetic attraction, largely governing the social and religious life of the nation, but which has almost ceased to exist in the British Isles. The are based upon them, the influence they had upon the designs of cathedrals and great churches, and the legends surrounding them form a subject of no mean value in the life of Englishmen, and Mr. Wall treats fully of it.

Mr. Henry James's long-promised novel, The Golden Bowl, will be published next week by Messrs. Methuen.—Messrs. Chatto announce a posthumous novel by Miss Adeline Sergeant. It has the title The Miss Elizabeth.—Mr. Lane has two novels appearing, A New Paolo and Francesca, by Miss Annie E. Hollisworth, and before the Crisis, an American story by the Rev. F. B. Mott.—Within the next few days Mr. Evelsigh Nash will publish a volume of reminiscences of Russia and the Russians by Colonel Wellesley, who was formerly British Military Attache at St. Petersburg.—Mr. John Murray has taken over the Wisdom of the East Series, and will shortly add to it a volume by Dr. Kapadia on the teaching of Zoraster and the philosophy of the Parsee religion.—Messrs. Chapman are publishing, a work on Figure Composition, by Mr. R. G. Hatton, who is already oil known for one entitled Figure Drawing. His new book deals exhaustively with pictorial and decorative figure composition.

Messrs. Longman have in the Press South Africa: A Glance at Current Conditions and Politics by Mr. J. H. Balfour Browne, K.C. It contains descriptions of the voyage from England to Cape Town, and notes of the journey from Cape Town to Johannesburg and Pretoria. It deals too, in a guarded way, with some aspects of Johannesburg society, and touches such matters as Chinese labour, the future form of Government, and land settlement.

The same firm will also publish shortly Adventures among Books, by Mr. Andrew Lang. The criticisms are not "scientific," but records of personal impressions. The volume includes reminiscences of R. L. Stevenson Oliver Wendell Holmes, Dr. John Brown, and others.

Lord Stavordale will publish through Mr. John Murray a book called Further Memoirs of the Whig Party. This is a continuation of the third Lord Holland's reminiscences, which were called Memoirs of the Whig Party During My Time, published in 1852-54.

The same firm has in preparation the Autobiography of Dr. Samuel Smiles, under the editorship of Mr. Thomas Mackay.

Messrs. Macmillan will publish a book on The Myths of Plato, by Mr. J. A. Stewart, Whyte's Professor of Moral Philosophy.

The story has reached France of the examiner who wrote in a general knowledge paper that Herbert Spencer was the "man who used to go up in a balloon and come down in a parachute," and the French have been capping it with stories of the answers to questions in French history, addressed, for some reason, to military recruits of the less educated classes. According to these authorities, Joan of Arc was a great man who used to go to war; Louis XIV. was an officer who got his head cut off. Bayard was one of the Kings of France, and Napoleon I. made the war of 1870 and was killed in Algeria. A good list truly, and worthy to be classed beside those produced by the candidates representing the other partner in the "entente cordiale."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Co's steamer Ikhona, 3383 tons, Captain J Stone, arrived in harbour yesterday from Chittagong 27th January, with a cargo of rice.

The steamer Arabistan 1,319 tons, Captain C Bilault, cleared yesterday for Karachi with the same bottom cargo and Mr Bristock as a passenger.

The steamer Dagfred, 859 tons, Captain P M Millberg, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok 4th February, with a cargo of timber and 12 deck passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Haidari, 1563 tons, Captain H F Hill, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddah 9th February with a general cargo and 24 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	R I M S Dufferin..	Scott	Barrow in Furness, Jan 28
21	Soudan s	Lockyer	Southampton Jan 28
	Dagfred s	Millberg	Bangkok, Feb 4
	Ikhana s	Stone	Chittagong, Jan 27
	Haidari s	Hill	Jeddah, Feb 9
	Trieste s	Mistrorigo	Trieste, &c

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
21	Warora s	Peck	Calcutta
	Nubia s	Tillard	Shanghai
	Goalpara s	Tipper	Persian Gulf
	R I M S Canning..	Huddleston	Rangoon, &c
	Arabistan s	Bilault	Karachi

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Haidari, for Jeddah, &c
" Obra, for Calcutta, &c
" Villa de la Clotat, for Marseilles.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line Co's steamer Clan Forbes, left Suez on the evening of the 19th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Matiana, left Port Said on the evening of the 20th instant.

The P and O S N Co's steamer India, arrived at Suez from Colombo on the afternoon of the 19th instant.

The German East Africa Line steamer Bundesrath, left Zanzibar for Bombay on the 20th instant, via Mombassa and Goa.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. GUFFE A. D. C. COMMANDING 8th L. H.
Bombay, February 22, 1905.

1 The Squadron will parade on the Sands opposite Church Gate Station on Friday the 24th instant at 6-45 a.m. punctually for Regimental Drill with H E the Governor's Body Guard.
Dress :—Drill Order, Khaki.
All Members are requested to attend including Salootie detachment and Pony Troop.
2 Brian Hope having joined is posted to "B" Troop.

By Order,
F. A. REDDIE, Lieut,
Acting Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.
Bombay, February 22, 1905.

1, "E" Company (Cyclists will parade at the Sir Richard Temple's Statue to-day Wednesday the 22nd instant, at 8 p m for Semaphore Signalling.
Members of other Companies are also invited to attend.
2 The 113th Bombay Infantry Rifle Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Class Firing daily until further orders.
Members are earnestly requested to complete their Class Firing as soon as possible.

By Order,
S. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, February 22, 1905.

1 The following drills will take place this week :—
No 1 Coy—Thursday at 6-30 p.m.—Town Hall Compound Proficiency Class.
No 2 Company—Thursday at 9 p.m.—Colaba North Fort 6' B L Gun Drills.
E E Coy—Parade at 6-30 p.m. Apollo Bunder for Technical Instructions at Middle Ground on the undermentioned dates :—

Wednesday 22nd instant	Thursday 23rd instant
Friday 24th instant	Saturday 25th instant

By Order
A. STIFFE, Capt. R. A.
Adjt. B. V. A.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, February 18.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned Lieutenants of the Indian Medical Service, posted to the Command or Division noted against their names, reported their arrival at Bombay on the dates specified :—Ernest William Charles Bradfield (Secunderabad Division),—10th January Vincent Blumhardt Nesfield (Eastern Command)—8th February 1904.

Mr Walter Amor 1st Mechanical Engineer ammunition factory Dum Dum is appointed Chief Mechanical Engineer of the ammunition factory Kirkee with effect from the 27th January to fill an existing vacancy.

Major-General E DeBrath C I E Indian Army Secretary to the Government of India Military Department is granted combined leave (p a) for eight months the first 90 days being privilege leave.

The undermentioned Warrant Officers have been transferred to the pension establishment :—Conductor Andrew, Knox Supply and Transport Corps Sub-Conductor Ernest William Hedges Miscellaneous Department.

The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels 12th February, Edward Rawdon Penrose-Thackwell 42nd Deoli Regiment.
14th February George John Younghusband C B Queen's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's)

The undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank are permitted to retire from the service subject to His Majesty's approval with effect from the dates specified :—Captain Frederick Richards Commissary Ordnance D partment Northern Circle—14th November 1904 Captain Thomas Wilson Commissary Ordnance Department Northern Circle—13th January Captain William Mason Senior Assistant Surgeon Indian Subordinate Medical Department Bengal—8th January.

His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer of the Indian Volunteer Force :—Great IndianPeninsula Railway Volunteer Rifles, Lieutenant Edward William Greenshields.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 21ST FEBRUARY.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased briskly in Sind, the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, Cutch and Kathiawar and at Saugor, Hoshangabad and Khandwa, and has been steady or has changed slightly over the rest of the country. The barometer is in considerable excess of normal in the north and about normal in the south.

Winds are variable in direction and the force has been fresh to strong at Negapatam, Masulipatam, Sholapur, Hoshangabad, Dwarka and Jamnagar, and moderate to light elsewhere.

Temperature.—The maximum is 5° in excess of normal at Bombay and Ratnagiri, and the minimum from 5° to 7° at Masulipatam, Bellary, Madras Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Negapatam. The highest temperature in the shade was 97° at Trichinopoly and the lowest 40° at Jubbulpore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast in the Punjab, the madras Presidency and Mysore and at Agra, Allahabad, Mangalore, Cochin Ajmere, Bhuj and Bhavnagar Para.

Rain.—Nil.

Weather is generally fine.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attack.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	10	4	10
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	26	10	36
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	27	24	52
a D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	6	6	24
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagapada, Kamalipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagapada	25	21	62
a F Parel, Sewree and Sion	7	7	18
G Mahim and Worli	9	4	19
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	10	22
Total	110	86	243
Total plague deaths to date	231,133	233,459	
Same date last year	134	105	179

SMALL-POX.

Attacks.	Deaths.
37	31

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THE MORAL.
Seed not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."
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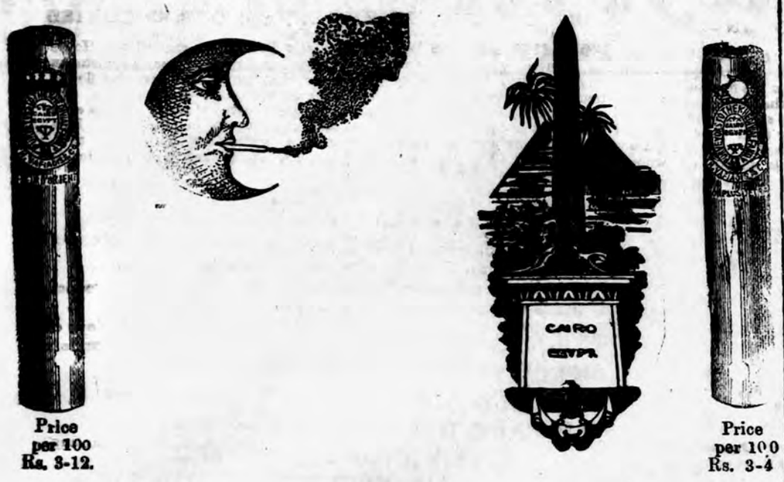

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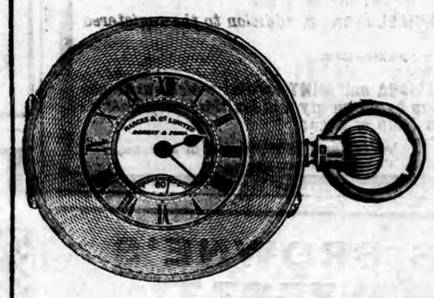

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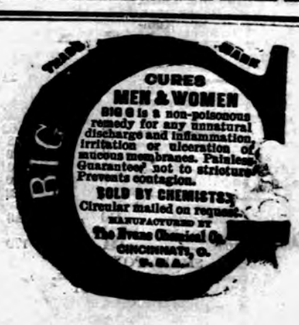

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